



OPPD Board of Directors – All Committees Meeting Tuesday, November 10, 2020 CLOSED SESSION 8:00 A.M. – PUBLIC SESSION 10:00 A.M.

Public may attend by going to <u>www.oppd.com/CommitteeAgenda</u> to access the Webex meeting link and view instructions.

| | TOPIC TOPIC | TYPE | PRESENTER | TIME* | |
|---------|--|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 1. | Chair Opening Statement | | Moody | 8:00 | A.M. |
| 2. | Closed Session | | • | | |
| | Power with Purpose Update | Reporting | Fisher | 60 | min |
| | Corporate Officer Appointment | Reporting | Burke | 30 | min |
| | BREAK | | | 9:30 | A.M. |
| • | Open Webex Meeting to Allow Public to Join | | NA de c | 9:45 | A.M. |
| 3. | Public Session – Chair Opening Statement | | Moody | 10:00 | A.M. |
| 4. 5 | Safety Briefing | | Burke | 10:05 | A.M. |
| 5. | Finance Finance Chair Report (10/30/20) | Reporting | Bogner | 10:10 10 | A.M. min |
| | Third Quarter Retirement Fund Performance Report | Reporting | Fernandez | 20 | min |
| | Third Quarter Financial Report | Reporting | Fernandez | 20 | min |
| | 2021 Preliminary Corporate Operating Plan | Reporting | Fernandez | 60 | min |
| | BREAK FOR LUNCH | . 0 | | 12:00 | P.M. |
| 6. | System Management & Nuclear Oversight | | | 12:30 | P.M. |
| | SM&NO Chair Report (10/29/20) | Reporting | Mollhoff | 10 | min |
| | Nebraska City Station Unit 1 Condenser Retube – | Action | Fisher | | |
| | Labor Contract Award | | | 10 | min |
| | Sarpy County Station Unit 4B Engine Repair – Permission to Negotiate | Action | Fisher | 10 | min |
| | Nuclear Oversight Committee Report | Reporting | Fisher | 10 | min |
| | | | | | |
| 7. | Public Information | | | 1:10 | P.M. |
| | Public Information Chair Report (11/3/20) | Reporting | Yoder | 10 | min |
| | SD-11: Economic Development Monitoring Report Customer Trends Update | Action | Olson Comstock | 45 20 | min min |
| | Customer Trends Opdate | Reporting | Comstock | 20 | HIIH |
| 8. | Governance | | | 2:25 | P.M. |
| | Governance Chair Report (11/5/20) | Reporting | McGuire | 10 | min |
| | Claim Settlement in Excess of \$50,000 | Reporting | Focht | 10 | min |
| | BREAK | | | 2:45 | P.M. |
| 9. | Other Business | | | 3:00 | P.M. |
| •• | Confirmation of Board Meeting Agenda | Action | Moody | 5 | min |
| | Power with Purpose Update | Reporting | Fisher | 30 | min |
| | | | | | |

^{*} Please note all times and duration are estimates. Please use the link below to find all committee and board agendas, materials and schedules. Board governance policies and contact information for the board and senior management team also can be found at www.oppd.com/BoardMeetings.



Pre-Committee Agenda

FINANCE PRE-COMMITTEE MEETING VIDEOCONFERENCE October 30, 2020 8:00 AM – 11:00 AM

- 1. Block Rate Project Update (15 min)
 - a. Objective: Review action plan towards elimination of declining block rates for Rate 110 by December 2021.
- 2. Q3 2020 Retirement Fund Report (20 min)
 - a. Objective: Review returns and investment performance on OPPD's retirement fund for the quarter ended 9/30/20.
- 3. Q3 2020 Financial Report and Dashboard (45 min)
 - a. Objective: Review OPPD's financial results for the quarter ended 9/30/20.

Break (5 min)

- 4. Preliminary 2021 Corporate Operating Plan (90 min)
 - a. Objective: Review and discuss the Preliminary 2021 Corporate Operating Plan ahead of the public presentation at Committee meeting in November. There is no Board action expected in November. This Preliminary document will be finalized and presented for Board approval in December.
- 5. Summary of Committee Direction (5 min)
 - a. Objective: Senior management team liaison(s) to summarize direction provided by the committee



Reporting Item

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

November 10, 2020

ITEM

Retirement Plan - Third Quarter 2020

PURPOSE

To Report the Retirement Plan Fund's Third Quarter 2020 Performance Results

FACTS

- a. The Retirement Plan Fund market value at the end of the third quarter was \$1.05 billion. This compares to the market value at the beginning of the quarter of \$1.01 billion. During the quarter, employee contributions were \$3.26 million and OPPD contributions totaled \$14.61 million. Benefit payments totaled \$25.41 million and the investment market value (net of expenses) increased by \$46.43 million.
- b. As of September 30, 2020, the Retirement Fund asset allocation was 51.0% Equity, 42.0% Fixed Income and 7.0% Alternative Assets, which is within the Investment Policy Guidelines approved by the Board.
- c. The Retirement Plan Fund sector performance (net of fees) was:

| <u>Sector</u> | Market Value | Quarterly Return | <u>Index</u> |
|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------|
| Domestic Equity | \$298,708,260 | 7.3% | 7.8% |
| International Equity | \$237,574,380 | 6.9% | 7.7% |
| Domestic Fixed Income | \$305,830,005 | 1.7% | 1.3% |
| Global Fixed Income | \$135,756,399 | 3.6% | 2.5% |
| Private Real Estate | \$74,370,039 | 1.9% | 0.6% |
| Total | \$1,052,239,083 | 4.7% | 4.8% |

All global markets experienced third quarter gains. These gains were due to optimism that central bank stimulus and potential U.S. fiscal stimulus would boost growth. The Domestic Equity Index returned 7.8%. Growth significantly outperformed value. The International Equity Index returned 7.7%.

The Domestic Fixed Income Index gained 1.3%. U.S. high yield performed the strongest. Non-U.S. fixed income also rose on global central bank stimulus policies. Central bank stimulus and improving economic conditions buoyed emerging market debt. The Global Fixed Income Index increased 2.5%.

The Real Estate Index returned 0.6% amid higher write-downs of the retail and hotel sectors.

RECOMMENDED:

APPROVED FOR REPORTING TO BOARD:

L. Janier Fernandez

Timothy J. Burke
Timothy J. Burke

L. Javier Fernandez

President & Chief Executive Officer

Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

LJF: jap

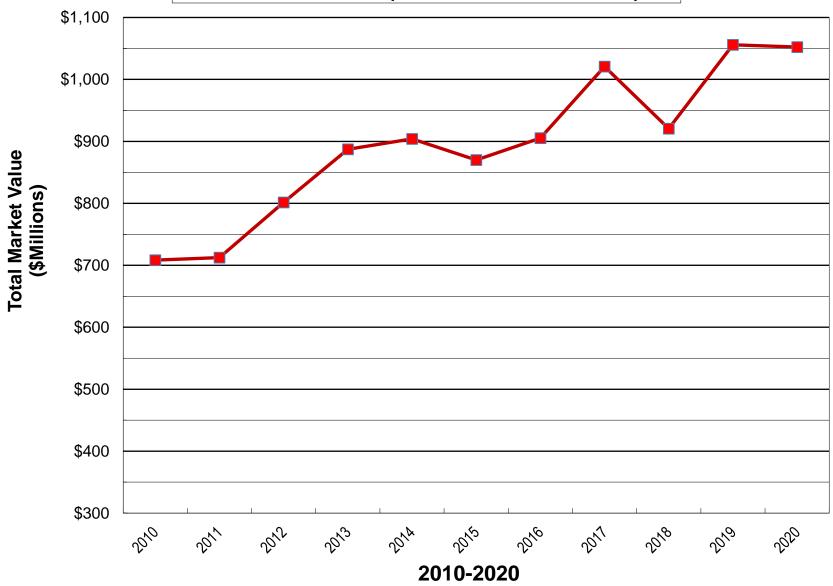
Attachments: Summary of OPPD Retirement Plan Assets

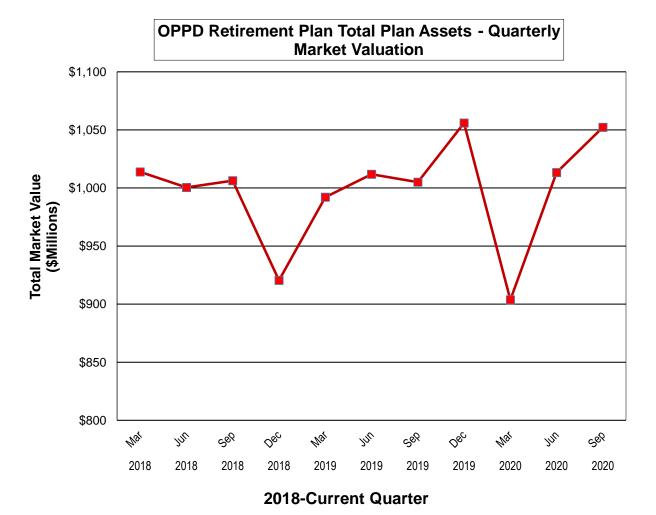
OPPD Retirement Plan Total Assets – Annual Market Valuation OPPD Retirement Plan Total Assets – Quarterly Market Valuation

SUMMARY OF OPPD RETIREMENT PLAN ASSETS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| Manager Valuations, Distributions and Returns | 7.0 0. 02 | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------|-----------|--------------|---------------|
| | | | | NET | OF FEES | DIFFERENCE |
| | FUND | TOTAL | PERCENT | RE | TURNS | ABOVE/(BELOW) |
| | <u>TYPE</u> | <u>VALUATION</u> | OF FUND | QUARTERLY | YEAR-TO-DATE | YTD INDEX |
| EQUITY MANAGERS: | | | | | | |
| Domestic Large Capitalization | | | | - 40/ | | 2.20/ |
| State Street Global Advisors Russell 1000 | Index/Core Equity | 187,239,112.72 | 17.8% | 9.4% | 6.4% | 0.0% |
| Domestic Middle Capitalization | | | | | | |
| Wellington Management Company LLP | Core/Growth | 62,869,468.43 | 6.0% | 4.3% | -1.3% | 7.3% |
| 0 0 1 7 | 00.0/0.011 | 02,000,100.10 | 0.075 | | | 1.070 |
| Domestic Small Capitalization | | | | | | |
| LSV Asset Management | Small Capitalization Value | 19,655,679.56 | 1.9% | 3.2% | -27.8% | -6.3% |
| Voya Investment Management | Small Capitalization Growth | 28,943,999.57 | 2.8% | 3.7% | -1.4% | -5.3% |
| International | | | | | | |
| AQR Capital Management | Developed Markets | 73,565,612.16 | 7.0% | 5.7% | -8.9% | -2.2% |
| Global Apha * | Small Cap. International | 38,029,425.00 | 3.6% | 8.9% | NA | NA |
| OppenheimerFunds, Inc. | Emerging Markets | 59,382,416.64 | 5.6% | 8.3% | -1.1% | -0.2% |
| Wells Capital Management | Emerging Markets | 66,596,926.11 | 6.3% | 6.9% | 2.0% | 3.2% |
| Subtotal Equity | 5 5 | \$ 536,282,640.19 | 51.0% | | | |
| , , | | ,, . , | | | | |
| FIXED INCOME MANAGERS: Domestic Bonds | | | | | | |
| JP Morgan Investment Management | Investment Grade/Core | 65,252,586.40 | 6.2% | 0.8% | 6.7% | -0.2% |
| Neuberger Berman Fixed Income LLC | High Yield | 35,560,446.25 | 3.4% | 4.9% | -0.4% | -0.2% |
| Reams Asset Management Company | Investment Grade/Core | 69,866,738.40 | 6.6% | 1.6% | 15.8% | 8.9% |
| State Street Global Advisors - Bond Market Index | Investment Grade Index/Core | 94,887,684.23 | 9.0% | 0.6% | 6.7% | -0.1% |
| State Street Global Advisors - TIPS Index | Investment Grade Index/TIPS | 28,184,270.17 | 2.7% | 3.0% | 9.2% | 0.0% |
| International Bonds | | | | | | |
| Colchester Global Investors | Global | 83,519,876.25 | 7.9% | 3.9% | 5.4% | -0.3% |
| | | , , | | | | |
| Stone Harbor Investment Partners L.P. | Emerging Markets | 52,236,523.21 | 5.0% | 3.1% | -0.5% | -0.9% |
| Cash | | | | | | |
| Trustee Cash Management Account | Cash & Cash Equivalents | 12,078,279.55 | 1.1% | | | |
| Subtotal Fixed Income | | \$ 441,586,404.46 | 42.0% | | | |
| ALTERNATIVE ASSETS MANAGERS | | | | | | |
| Harrison Street Real Estate Capital | Private Real Estate | 37,825,360.01 | 3.6% | 3.6% | 8.5% | 8.3% |
| PGIM Real Estate | Private Real Estate | 36,544,679.10 | 3.5% | 0.2% | 0.1% | -0.1% |
| Subtotal Alternative Assets | · ····ais · · ·aii _saiis | \$ 74.370.039.11 | 7.1% | 0.270 | 0.1.70 | 0.170 |
| Subtotal Alternative Absolu | | Ψ 74,070,000.11 | 7.170 | | | |
| TOTAL | | \$ 1,052,239,083.76 | 100.0% | 4.7% | 2.0% | -0.1% |
| * Funded 6-30-20 | | | | | | |
| Asset All | <u>location</u> | | | | | |
| EQUITY ALLOCATION | | \$ 536,282,640.19 | 51.0% | | | |
| FIXED INCOME ALLOCATION | | \$ 441,586,404.46 | 42.0% | | | |
| ALTERNATIVE ASSETS ALLOCATION | | \$ 74,370,039.11 | 7.1% | | | |
| | | # 4 0F0 000 00° 7° | 400.00/ | | | |
| | | \$ 1,052,239,083.76 | 100.0% | | | |
| | | | | | | |









Reporting Item

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

November 10, 2020

ITEM

Third Quarter 2020 Financial Report

PURPOSE

Report the quarterly financial results to the Board of Directors

FACTS

- a. The third quarter 2020 financial results are attached for review.
- b. Retail Revenue for the third quarter 2020 was \$290.4 million, which was \$7.7 million under budget. Off-system Revenue for the third quarter was \$34.4 million, which was \$2.4 million under budget. Other Income for the third quarter was \$21.5 million, which was \$5.2 million over budget.
- c. Operations and Maintenance Expense (less Fuel and Purchased Power) for the third quarter 2020 was \$88.0 million, which was \$7.0 million under budget. Fuel and Purchased Power Expense for the third quarter was \$95.1 million, which was \$7.4 million under budget. Other Expense for the third quarter was \$97.2 million, which was \$0.4 million over budget.
- d. Operating Income for the third quarter 2020 was \$71.1 million, which was \$4.1 million over budget.
- e. Net Income for the third quarter 2020 was \$66.0 million, which was \$9.2 million over budget.

<u>ACTION</u>

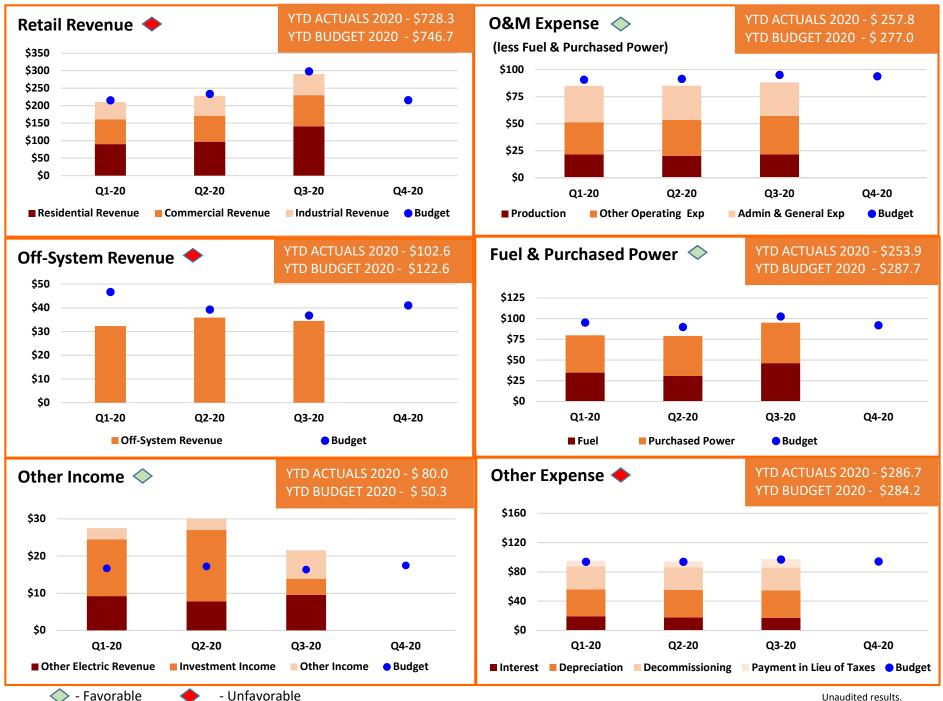
Reporting item.

| RECOMMENDED: | APPROVED FOR REPORTING TO BOARD: |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| — DocuSigned by: | DocuSigned by: |
| L. Javier Fernandez | Timothy J. Burke |
| L. Javier Fernandez | Timothy J. Burke |
| Vice President and CFO | President and CEO |

Attachments: Quarterly Financial Report (Graphs)

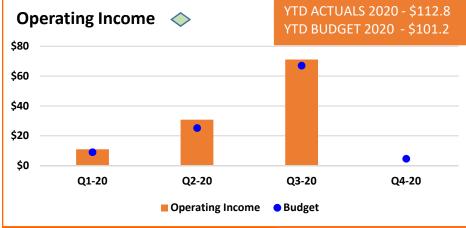
Q3 2020 Results (\$ Millions)

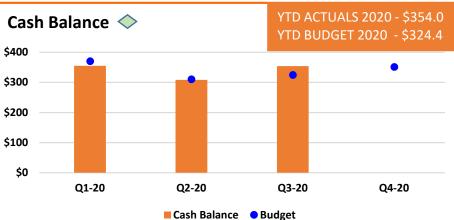


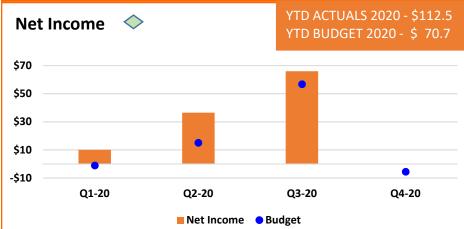


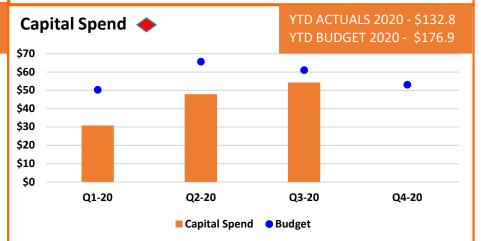
Q3 2020 Results (\$ Millions)











SD Impact:

- * <u>SD-2 Rates</u> The District is maintaining a strong financial position reaffirming its commitment to no general rate increase in 2020 and 2021. The 2019 average retail rate was 8.2% below the regional retail average rates, based on EIA data.
- * <u>SD-3 Access to Credit Markets</u> The 12-month rolling debt service coverage ratio is 2.33 times through September 2020, and is forecasted at 2.0 times at year end. The District's days of cash on hand is 228 days as of September 30, 2020.
- * **COVID-19 Impact** -The District's financial health and outlook is strong but is being monitored.

HIGHLIGHTS:

- * Retail revenues were under budget year-to-date (YTD) by 2.5%, or \$18.4 million, primarily due to the COVID-19 pandemic impact, which has been blunted by warmer than normal summer months. Off-system sales were under budget YTD by 16.3%, or \$20.0 million, due to lower market prices and energy volumes due to the depressed natural gas market.
- * Fuel and purchased power expenses were under budget YTD by 11.7%, or \$33.8 million, primarily due to unplanned outages, lower generation dispatch and lower purchased power market prices and volumes. Other O&M expenses were less than budget YTD by 6.9%, or \$19.2 million, primarily due to lower production expenses from reduced generation and lower administrative and general expenses from lower employee benefit costs.
- * Capital expenditures were under budget YTD by 24.9%, or \$44.1 million, due to delayed spending primarily on Power with Purpose projects. The District forecasts to be within +/- 4% of the full \$230 million budget.

- Favorable

- Unfavorable

Unaudited results.



Reporting Item

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

November 10, 2020

<u>ITEM</u>

Preliminary 2021 Corporate Operating Plan

PURPOSE

The Preliminary 2021 Corporate Operating Plan, incorporating elements of the District's projected operations, capital expenditures, and fuel needs for the year, has been completed and is ready for discussion with the Board of Directors.

FACTS

- a. No General Rate increase, or increase in the Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment (FPPA) is required for 2021. This Preliminary Corporate Operating Plan includes Management's desire to rebalance the amount of retail fuel and purchased power collected through general rates and the fuel & purchased power factor.
 - The current Fuel and Purchased Power base rate is 2.412 cents per kWh.
 - In order to reflect a truer variable cost of energy, management will propose to change the base rate to 2.095 cents per kWh and leave the current FPPA factor unchanged.
 - The net result of the action is that retail customers will see no overall rate change due to the base rate change and the retention of the current FPPA factor of 0.186 cents per kWh.
- b. Total energy sales are budgeted to be 16,740 GWh which represents a 2.8% increase from the projected 2020 sales amount.
 - Retail sales are budgeted to be 11,533 GWh which represents a 4.2% increase from the projected 2020 amount.
 - Wholesale sales, excluding Nebraska City Station Unit 2 (NC2) participation sales, are budgeted to be 3,055 GWh which represents a 13.1% increase from the projected 2020 amount.
 - NC2 participation sales for 2021 are budgeted be 2,152 GWh, a 14.4% decrease from the projected 2020 amount.
- c. Total operating revenues are budgeted to be \$1,181.6 million. Total budgeted operating revenues are 9.0% higher than 2020 projections.
 - Retail revenues, including FPPA, are budgeted to be \$1,007.5 million, which is an increase of \$97.4 million above the 2020 projection.
 - Wholesale revenues, excluding NC2 participation revenues, are budgeted to be \$77.9 million which is 10.4% higher than 2020 projected revenues.
 - NC2 participation revenues for 2021 are budgeted to be \$60.4 million, a 10.3% decrease from the projected 2020 amount.

- d. Total operations and maintenance expenditures are budgeted to be \$768.0 million. Total operations and maintenance expenditures are \$72.8 million or 10.5% higher than the 2020 projected amount.
 - Operations and maintenance expenditures (excluding fuel and purchased power) are estimated to be \$402.9 million, which is \$48.0 million or 13.5% higher than the amount projected for 2020.
 - Fuel expenses are budgeted to be \$142.7 million which is slightly lower than the amount projected for 2020.
 - Purchased power expenses are budgeted to be \$222.4 million which is \$24.9 million or 12.6% higher than the amount projected for 2020. The purchased power expenses include 972 megawatts of wind capability, as well as 5 megawatts of Fort Calhoun Community Solar capability, to support the District's renewable energy goal.
- e. Capital expenditures are budgeted at \$370 million compared to \$221 million projected for 2020.

The 2021 capital expenditure plan provides for expansion and improvements to the existing production, transmission and distribution systems. Expenditures by classification include both approved and pending capital projects. Actual expenditures by classification will vary based on final project designs, corporate priorities, and pending project approvals.

| Production Plant | \$ 193 million |
|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Transmission and Distribution | 144 million |
| General Plant, Removal & Salvage | 33 million |
| TOTAL | \$370 million |

- f. In 2021, additional funding for Nuclear Decommissioning is projected at \$129.4 million.
- g. Net income for 2021 is budgeted to be \$42.3 million compared to \$66.7 million projected for 2020.
- h. The 2021 Corporate Operating Plan total expenditure amount equals \$1,442.6 million.
- i. Total debt service coverage is anticipated to be 2.0 times for 2021 and 2.0 times for 2020.

ACTION

The Preliminary 2021 Corporate Operating Plan is scheduled for review during the November 2020 Board of Directors' Committee meeting prior to being submitted for Board approval during the December 2020 Regular Board Meeting.

RECOMMENDED:

APPROVED FOR REPORTING TO THE BOARD

—DocuSigned by:

L. Javier Fernandez

L. Javier Fernandez

Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

— DocuSigned by:

Timothy J. Burke

Timothy J. Burke

President and Chief Executive Officer

LJF:bru

Attachments: 2021 Preliminary Corporate Operating Plan

Letter from NewGen Strategies and Solutions

Letter from The Brattle Group

Preliminary 2021 Corporate Operating Plan

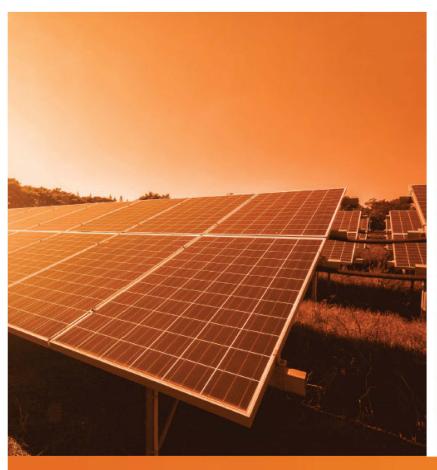






Table of Contents Strategic Planning and Enterprise Risk Management...... 4 **Assumptions** 202

| 7.55umption5 | |
|---|----|
| 2021 Corporate Operating Plan | |
| Financial Statements | |
| Income Statement | |
| Coverage Ratios | |
| Debt and Financing Data | |
| Cash Flow Analysis | 21 |
| Energy Sales | |
| Electric Energy Sales & Electric Customers | 24 |
| Operating Revenues | 26 |
| Average Cents/kWh | |
| Net System Requirements | |
| Net System Requirements | 31 |
| Operation, Maintenance, and Decommissioning Expenses | |
| Operation, Maintenance and Decommissioning Expenses | |
| Capital Expenditure Plan | |
| Capital Expenditures | |
| Construction Expenditures | |
| 2021 Capital Expenditures Significant Project Descriptions and Highlights | 40 |

Page



Management Letter



Management Letter

2020 has been a year unlike any other, and the employees of Omaha Public Power District have risen to the challenge of serving their communities amid the coronavirus pandemic. At the same time, the utility continued its work on innovative projects and initiatives that will position OPPD well to continue to lead the way we power the future.

Our 2021 Corporate Operating Plan maintains our commitment to no general rate increase, as well as no increase to the Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment.

The plan shows OPPD's commitment to its mission of serving our customers with affordable, reliable and environmentally sensitive energy services. In 2020, OPPD continued to pursue five key strategic initiatives that will shape the utility for decades to come while maintaining a strong focus on its mission.

These initiatives include:

- Pathways to Decarbonization, which will examine the long-term balance of load generation along with decarbonization efforts to help OPPD meet its goal of being a net-zero carbon emitter by 2050;
- Customer Engagement initiative aimed at helping the utility meet customers' needs and expectations now and into the future;
- Electric System Evaluation and Modernization, which will study a number of grid-related areas including maintenance, inspections, smart technology and worker mobility, among other areas;
- Technology Platform, an initiative that will develop a scalable and secure digital ecosystem to enable OPPD to extend technology to customers and employees in new ways;
- The Transforming the Workplace initiative will allow OPPD to determine how its workplace will evolve amid a rapidly changing utility industry, including new skill sets and support for employees to ensure meaningful work.

In addition to these initiatives, a cross-functional team continues to move forward with the utility's Power with Purpose project, approved by the Board of Directors in November 2019. This project will add utility-scale solar and back-up natural gas generation to support load growth in the area and capacity requirements, while maintaining reliability and resiliency of the system. Throughout the end of 2020, OPPD determined future sites for the two, back-up natural gas facilities and held virtual meetings with the public to gather feedback and answer questions around the project.

Lastly, OPPD has joined other business leaders in the Omaha area in standing up for diversity and inclusion. This commitment recognizes the changing workforce in the city and state and acknowledges the social responsibility the utility has to represent the communities we serve.

President & Chief Executive Officer



Strategic Planning and and Enterprise Risk Management



Strategic Planning

Industry trends are accelerating transformational change, creating significant pressures on the traditional strategies and business models of electric utilities. Dynamic trends compel us to navigate through significant ambiguity and make courageous decisions for our future. While leveraging the legacy of traditional energy services, we must also embrace innovation, and continuously explore new and better ways to deliver affordable, reliable and environmentally sensitive energy services to our customers.



Strategic Direction

To provide clear and transparent direction on behalf of OPPD's customer owners OPPD's publicly elected Board of Directors established fifteen strategic direction (SD) policies to which OPPD is accountable. The policies guide OPPD's strategic and operational planning efforts to address current and future trends, mitigate risks, pursue strategic opportunities, and prioritize resources to efficiently and effectively provide energy services to the District. In November of 2019, the Board of Directors revised SD-7 (Environmental Stewardship) and established the goal to conduct all of its operations in a manner that strives for the goal of net zero carbon production by 2050. In consideration of this revision, other SDs, and transformational changes within and outside the industry, the Senior Management Team (SMT) is in the process of developing a comprehensive 30-year vision known as Powering the Future to 2050 (PFT 2050). The SDs in concert with PFT 2050 will align the organization to clear performance expectations to serve OPPD's customer-owners.

Mission: To provide affordable, reliable and environmentally sensitive energy services to our customers.

Vision: "Leading the Way We Power the Future"

In implementing this vision, OPPD shall adhere to these principles:

- Strengthen the public power advantage of affordable and reliable electricity;
- Exemplify fiscal, social and environmental responsibility to optimize value to our customer-owners;
- · Proactively engage and communicate with our stakeholders;
- Act transparently and with accountability for the best interest of our customer-owners;
- · Collaborate, when appropriate, with partners; and
- Leverage OPPD's leadership to achieve these goals.

Core Values

- We have a PASSION to serve
- We HONOR our community
- We CARE about each other



Our Strategic Foundation (SD-1)

The SD policies leverage industry benchmarks to drive performance as a top utility, and provide the basis for a scorecard to which the organization manages its performance.

| | Board Strategic Direction Policies & 2021 Performance Targets | | | | |
|--|---|--|--------------------------|----------------|--|
| Policy | Measure | Definition | 2021 Target | Strategic Goal | |
| Rates (SD-2) | % Below Regional Retail Average | Retail rate target of West North Central Regional average published rates on a system average basis. No general rate increase for a 5-year period starting January 1, 2017 and ending December 31, 2021. | No general rate increase | 20% | |
| Access to Credit Markets (SD-3) | Debt Coverage Ratio | Revenues less expenses divided by total annual senior and subordinate lien debt interest and principal payments. | 2.0 | 2.0 | |
| | SAIDI | System Average Interruption Duration Index | < 90 | < 90 | |
| Reliability (SD-4) | Equivalent Availability | % of actual generation potential to a unit's maximum rated output over a period of time (12 months) | 86%* | 90% | |
| Customer Satisfaction (SD-5) | Absolute Satisfaction Score | JD Power's annual Electric Utility Residential Customer Satisfaction Study | Top quartile | Top quartile | |
| Cofot (CD C) | DART | Days Away, Restricted or Transferred | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | |
| Safety (SD-6) | PVIR | Preventable Vehicle Incident Rate | < 4.00 | < 4.00 | |
| Environmental Stewardship (SD-7) | Net Zero Carbon | Definition and goals to be determined upon review of the Pathways to Decarbonization study (scheduled for December 2021) | TBD | TBD | |
| Employee Relations (SD-8) | Employee Engagement | Composite score of employee engagement | Top quartile | Top quartile | |

For a full listing of the 15 Strategic Directives, which includes Resource Planning (SD-9), Ethics (SD-10), Economic Development (SD-11), Information Management & Security (SD-12), Stakeholder Outreach & Engagement (SD-13), Retirement Plan Funding (SD-14), Enterprise Risk Management (SD-15), please access the following link to the OPPD Board Policy document https://www.oppd.com/media/317205/oppd-board-policy-binder.pdf



^{*}This goal is an initial estimate, the goal will be updated with October through December 2020 operations data.

Strategic Guiding Principles

Five principles – trusted energy partner, operational excellence, technology solutions, powered through people and financial stewardship – help guide our actions to achieve the direction provided by OPPD's SDs, lead the way we power the future and fulfill our mission of providing affordable, reliable and environmentally sensitive energy services to our customers.

FINANCIAL STEWARDSHIP

We are stewards of financial resources, creating strength and flexibility benefitting our customers and communities.

POWERED THROUGH PEOPLE

We know our workforce drives our success. We provide a safe, healthy environment where our diverse and highly-skilled employees can do their best work



TECHNOLOGY SOLUTIONS

Through partnerships, we provide innovative and value-added **TECHNOLOGY SOLUTIONS** in a secure and reliable manner to achieve strategic initiatives and operational goals.

TRUSTED ENERGY PARTNER

We are a trusted energy partner committed to giving our customers and communities value, caring, and excellence.

OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE

We drive operational excellence by focusing on safety, reliability, cost, environmental stewardship and innovation.



Strategic Initiatives

The 2020 Strategic Planning efforts resulted in five strategic initiatives critical to help achieve OPPD's strategic direction policies, address changing industry dynamics, and support mitigation of enterprise risks. The 10-year horizon of these five strategic initiatives will become the foundation to OPPD's 30-year vision.



Pathways to De-carbonization: To establish actionable pathways in generation, internal operations, customer, and community that strive to meet SD-7's goal of net zero carbon production by 2050.

Customer Engagement: To better connect and engage with current and prospective customers in order to truly learn and understand what is important to and desired by them, and use that information to define, plan, and prioritize initiatives that help meet customers' changing expectations from their energy services provider.

Electric System Evaluation & Modernization: To leverage technology, systems and data to enhance customer experience, modernize our grid, manage asset lifecycles, and optimize operational processes.

Technology Platform: To build a sustainable foundation with a focus on mobility, asset management, and business intelligence; improve the way customers and employees interact with OPPD; and ensure that needed data is reliable and available.

Workplace Transformation: To develop a framework ensuring workforce readiness for changes related to the developing operations model, supports OPPD's evolution as a utility of the future, and promotes OPPD's position as an employer of choice in the region.



Enterprise Risk Management

Fundamental to effective planning is an understanding of the District's enterprise level risks and the development and implementation of initiatives and mitigation plans to respond to those risks. The District's Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") program specifies risk management standards, management responsibilities, and controls to help ensure risk exposures are properly identified and managed within agreed upon risk tolerance levels. Specific risk mitigation plans and procedures are maintained and reviewed periodically to provide focused and consistent efforts to mitigate various risk exposures. In support of its 2021 corporate planning efforts, OPPD leveraged risk assessments and mitigation plans to help prioritize resource allocation. Within the next year, the SMT will explore expanding this effort by incorporating those critical trends identified and associated with PFT 2050.

| Theme | OPPD's Risk Management Focus |
|---|--|
| Retail revenues & off- system sales | Persistently pursue customer and economic development to achieve economies of scale and strengthen the affordability of our rates. Optimize off-system sales and purchases to further benefit our customer-owners. |
| Generation reliability | Maintain a highly available and diverse portfolio of generation sources to provide power whenever our customer-owners need it. |
| Environmental sensitivity | Ensure the District is compliant with all environmental regulations, well-positioned to respond to new regulations, and able to minimize our environmental impact while maintaining affordability, reliability and resiliency. |
| Fort Calhoun Station Decommissioning | Realize the economic savings potential from ceasing operations at Fort Calhoun Station and effectively executing the decommissioning project. Ensure decommissioning funds are wholly adequate to return the facility to green field status. |
| Cyber & physical security | Vigorously defend customer information and District assets from all potential cyber and physical security threats inherent with national critical infrastructure. |
| Infrastructure investment | Optimally invest in transmission, distribution, substation, and technology assets to ensure reliable and resilient energy services and supporting functions will meet the demands of our customer-owners. |
| Workplace safety | Continue promoting safety as a top priority to ensure every employee and contractor goes home as healthy as they came into work. |
| Community partnership | Honor and support the communities in which we operate and fulfill the promise of public power. |





Assumptions



Assumptions

2021 Proposed Rate Action

OPPD's 2021 budget requires no General Rate increase, as well as, no increase in the Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment (FPPA) effective January 1, 2021.

General

2020 Projected

Revenues, operations and maintenance, capital and deferred expenditures reflect the 2020 actual values and forecast submitted through September 30, 2020.

Financing/Investing

Financing

Revenue bonds with net proceeds of \$160 million are included in the 2021 budget. The proceeds of these bonds are expected to be used for reimbursement and construction projects.

Average Earnings Rates on Funds

The average earnings rate used for all funds (including special purpose) for 2021 is 1.4% compared to the 1.9% rate from the prior year.

Energy Sales/Revenues

Load Forecast

The plan assumes a 4.2% increase in general business energy sales (MWh) and a 0.9% decrease in the number of customers in 2021, as compared to the 2020 projections.



Assumptions

Generation, Purchased Power, and Fuel Budget

Outages have been scheduled for the following base-load units in 2021:

- 1. Nebraska City Station Unit Number 1
- 2. Nebraska City Station Unit Number 2
- 3. North Omaha Station Unit Number 5

Additionally there are several shorter outages scheduled for other units. The purchased power budget includes generation supplied from 972 megawatts of wind capability, as well as 5 megawatts of Fort Calhoun Community Solar capability.

Department Operation and Maintenance Budget

Department and division level budgets were proposed in August 2020 during the Resource Optimization Sessions. These plans were reviewed with Senior Management for alignment with the strategic and operational objectives before submitting them for final approval.

Capital Budget Expenditures

The capital portfolio prioritization and allocation process continues to improve capital planning. The process enables better alignment with the strategic directives and provides more transparency of capital spending through improved project review and approval processes.

Total 2021 Budget

The total 2021 Budget is \$1.4 billion.



BUDGET SUMMARY 2021 BUDGET COMPARED TO 2020 BUDGET (Dollars in Thousands)

| Total Budget | BUDGET 2020 | BUDGET 2021 | INCREASE / (DECREASE) | % CHANGE |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------|
| Fuel Costs and Purchased Power | \$379,645 | \$365,021 | (\$14,624) | (3.9) |
| Non-Fuel Operations & Maintenance | 370,741 | 402,931 | 32,190 | 8.7 |
| Total Debt Service and Other Expenses | 124,931 | 130,864 | 5,933 | 4.7 |
| Payments in Lieu of Taxes | 35,674 | 36,139 | 465 | 1.3 |
| Capital Expenditures* | 230,000 | 370,000 | 140,000 | 60.9 |
| Regulatory Amortization | 14,838 | 14,838 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Decommissioning Expenditures** | 143,996 | 122,784 | (21,212) | (14.7) |
| TOTAL BUDGET | \$1,299,825 | \$1,442,577 | \$142,752 | 11.0 |

^{*}Capital Expenditures are shown net of Contributions in Aid of Construction.

| Budget Component Comparison | BUDGET | BUDGET | INCREASE / |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | (DECREASE) |
| Fuel Costs and Purchased Power | 29% | 25% | (3.9) |
| Non-Fuel Operations & Maintenance | 29% | 28% | (0.6) |
| Total Debt Service and Other Expenses | 10% | 9% | (0.5) |
| Payments in Lieu of Taxes | 3% | 3% | (0.2) |
| Capital Expenditures* | 18% | 26% | 8.0 |
| Regulatory Amortization | 1% | 1% | (0.1) |
| Decommissioning Expenditures** | 11% | 9% | (2.6) |
| TOTAL BUDGET | 100% | 100% | (0.0) |

^{**}Decommissioning Expenditures represent expenditures related to Decommissioning activity, which differs from Decommissioning Funding.

2021 Fuel and Purchased Power Budget Compared to 2020 Budget

| | BUDGET | BUDGET |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2020 | 2021 |
| Fuel Cost | \$179,752 | \$142,650 |
| Purchased Power | 199,893 | 222,371 |
| TOTAL BUDGET | \$379,645 | \$365,021 |

| INCREASE / (DECREASE) | % CHANGE |
|--------------------------|----------|
| (\$37,102) | (20.6) |
| 22,478 | 11.2 |
| (\$14,624) | (3.9) |

2021 Non-Fuel O&M Budget Compared to 2020 Budget

| | BUDGET | BUDGET |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2020 | 2021 |
| Production | \$91,071 | \$103,251 |
| Transmission and Distribution | 102,954 | 111,548 |
| Customer Accounting and Services | 40,280 | 44,237 |
| Administrative and General | 136,435 | 143,894 |
| TOTAL BUDGET | \$370,741 | \$402,931 |

| INCREASE / (DECREASE) | % CHANGE |
|--------------------------|----------|
| \$12,180 | 13.4 |
| 8,594 | 8.3 |
| 3,957 | 9.8 |
| 7,459 | 5.5 |
| \$32,190 | 8.7 |

2021 Debt Service/Other Expenses Compared to 2020 Budget

| | BUDGET | BUDGET |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2020 | 2021 |
| Bonds (excludes Minibonds) | \$153,400 | \$103,301 |
| Commercial Paper | 3,228 | 1,805 |
| Other (includes Minibonds) | (31,697) | 25,758 |
| TOTAL BUDGET | \$124,931 | \$130,864 |

| INCREASE / (DECREASE) | % CHANGE |
|--------------------------|----------|
| (\$50,100) | (32.7) |
| (1,423) | (44.1) |
| 57,456 | (181.3) |
| \$5,933 | 4.7 |





Financial Statements



Financial Statements

Income Statement

Projected net income for 2020 is \$66.7 million, which is \$1.6 million over budget. Operating income is projected to be \$27.1 million under budget.

Net income for 2021 is budgeted to be \$42.3 million, which is \$24.4 million or 36.6% lower than the 2020 projected net income. When compared to the 2020 budget, net income for 2021 is \$22.8 million or 35.0% lower.

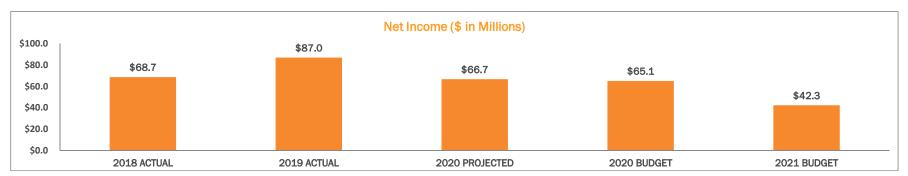
Major factors contributing to the change in 2021 operating and net income are:

- 1. Operating revenue is budgeted to be \$97.8 million higher than 2020 projections and \$20.3 million higher than the 2020 budget. The budget increase is primarily due to higher retail revenue, specifically related to industrial customer load growth. Retail revenues less adjustments (Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment (FPPA), Decommissioning and Benefit Reserve (DABR), and Unbilled Revenues) are projected to increase \$24.2 million from 2020 projections and increase \$12.9 million when compared to the 2020 budget.
- 2. Operations and maintenance expense is budgeted to be \$72.8 million higher than the 2020 projected amount and \$17.6 million higher than the 2020 budget amount. These increases reflect savings in fuel costs and are primarily due to higher purchased power, outage costs, and a focus on strategic initiatives.
- 3. Other income for 2021 is \$29.5 million lower than the 2020 projected amount primarily due to the change in the fair value of the investments in 2020. Other income budgeted for 2021 is \$2.4 million lower than the 2020 budget amount primarily due to lower investment earnings as a result of lower interest rates.
- 4. Total decommissioning funding, which is recognized as an expense of \$129.4 million in 2021, is \$4.7 million higher than 2020 projected.



INCOME STATEMENT (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

| Income Statement | ACTUAL | ACTUAL | PROJECTED | BUDGET | VARIANCE | BUDGET | 21 BUDGET V | S. 20 PROJ. |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ CHANGE | % CHANGE |
| OPERATING REVENUES | \$1,156,933 | \$1,160,719 | \$1,083,818 | \$1,161,360 | (\$77,542) | \$1,181,624 | \$97,806 | 9.0 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | | | | |
| O&M EXPENSE | \$699,944 | \$724,891 | \$695,164 | \$750,386 | (\$55,221) | \$767,952 | \$72,787 | 10.5 |
| PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES | 34,916 | 35,030 | 35,514 | 35,674 | (160) | 36,139 | 625 | 1.8 |
| DECOMMISSIONING EXPENSE | 156,000 | 143,004 | 124,723 | 123,601 | 1,122 | 129,442 | 4,719 | 3.8 |
| REGULATORY AMORTIZATION | 14,836 | 14,836 | 14,835 | 14,838 | (3) | 14,838 | 3 | 0.0 |
| DEPRECIATION EXPENSE | 128,138 | 129,514 | 134,942 | 131,074 | 3,868 | 137,981 | 3,040 | 2.3 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSE | \$1,033,833 | \$1,047,274 | \$1,005,178 | \$1,055,573 | (\$50,395) | \$1,086,352 | \$81,174 | 8.1 |
| OPERATING INCOME | \$123,100 | \$113,445 | \$78,640 | \$105,787 | (\$27,147) | \$95,273 | \$16,633 | 21.2 |
| INTEREST INCOME | \$14,801 | \$51,871 | \$43,433 | \$21,245 | \$22,188 | \$15,930 | (\$27,503) | (63.3) |
| ALLOWANCE FOR FUNDS USED | 2,888 | 4,706 | 7,530 | 5,258 | 2,272 | 6,575 | (955) | (12.7) |
| PRODUCTS AND SERVICES - NET | 3,529 | 2,862 | 1,503 | 3,040 | (1,536) | 4,622 | 3,119 | 207.5 |
| MISC. NON OPERATING INCOME | 7,351 | 3,505 | 7,152 | 3,000 | 4,152 | 3,000 | (4,152) | (58.1) |
| TOTAL OTHER INCOME | \$28,569 | \$62,943 | \$59,618 | \$32,543 | \$27,076 | \$30,127 | (\$29,491) | (49.5) |
| TOTAL INCOME LESS OPERATING EXPENSE | \$151,669 | \$176,388 | \$138,258 | \$138,329 | (\$71) | \$125,400 | (\$12,858) | (9.3) |
| INCOME DEDUCT. & INT. CHARGES | | | | | | | | |
| INTEREST EXPENSE ON BONDS | \$85,482 | \$82,509 | \$77,627 | \$77,625 | \$2 | \$77,968 | \$341 | 0.4 |
| INTEREST EXPENSE ON NOTES | 1,533 | 1,544 | 1,428 | 847 | 581 | 10,528 | 9,100 | 0.0 |
| INTEREST EXPENSE ON COMMERCIAL PAPER | 2,313 | 2,917 | 1,636 | 3,228 | (1,592) | 1,805 | 169 | 10.3 |
| AMORTIZATION | (7,353) | (257) | (10,601) | (9,108) | (1,493) | (7,842) | 2,759 | (26.0) |
| OTHER INCOME DEDUCTIONS | 961 | 2,724 | 1,473 | 600 | 873 | 625 | (848) | (57.6) |
| TOTAL INCOME DEDUCT. & INT. CHARGES | \$82,935 | \$89,438 | \$71,563 | \$73,192 | (\$1,629) | \$83,084 | \$11,521 | 16.1 |
| NET INCOME | \$68,734 | \$86,951 | \$66,696 | \$65,137 | \$1,558 | \$42,316 | (\$24,379) | (36.6) |



NOTES: Some columns may not foot exactly due to the method used for individual line item rounding.



Financial Statements

Coverage Ratios

The total debt service coverage ratio, which is the main metric viewed by credit rating agencies, is budgeted to be 2.00 times in 2021.

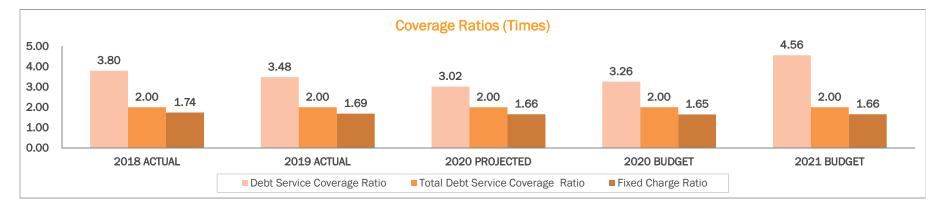
The fixed charge ratio is budgeted to be 1.66 times in 2021.

The Senior Lien debt service coverage ratio is projected to be 3.02 times in 2020 and 4.56 times in 2021. The significant increase is driven both by an increase in net receipts and a decrease in Senior Lien debt service requirements. Net receipts for 2021 are expected to increase by \$27.0 million or 8.3% from 2020 projected levels primarily due to increasing industrial revenue. Senior Lien debt service requirements for 2021 are scheduled to decrease by approximately \$30.3 million over 2020 projections as a result of lowering Senior Lien principal payments in order to cover the payoff of the Minibonds.



COVERAGE RATIOS (Dollars in Thousands)

| Coverage Ratios | ACTUAL 2018 | ACTUAL 2019 | PROJECTED 2020 | BUDGET 2020 | VARIANCE 2020 | BUDGET 2021 | 21 BUDGET V \$ CHANGE | S. 20 PROJ. % CHANGE |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES (EXCL. NC2) | \$1,082,138 | \$1,090,473 | \$1,016,428 | \$1,095,071 | (\$78,642) | \$1,121,180 | \$104,752 | 10.3 |
| INTEREST INCOME - BONDS RESERVE ACCOUNT | 803 | 1,124 | 1,041 | 1,070 | (29) | 835 | (206) | (19.8) |
| O&M EXPENSE (EXCL. NC2 PARTICIPANT SHARE) | (629,786) | (683,466) | (655,521) | (709,193) | 53,672 | (732,418) | (76,897) | 11.7 |
| PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES | (34,916) | (35,030) | (35,514) | (35,674) | 160 | (36,139) | (625) | 1.8 |
| NET RECEIPTS | \$418,239 | \$373,102 | \$326,434 | \$351,274 | (\$24,839) | \$353,459 | \$27,024 | 8.3 |
| DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS (SENIOR LIEN) | \$109,980 | \$107,186 | \$107,795 | \$107,795 | \$0 | \$77,452 | (\$30,343) | (28.1) |
| DEBT SERVICE (SENIOR LIEN) COVERAGE RATIO | 3.80 | 3.48 | 3.02 | 3.26 | | 4.56 | | |
| MEMO: OTHER COVERAGE RATIOS: | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATIO (DSC) | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | |
| FIXED CHARGE RATIO | 1.74 | 1.69 | 1.66 | 1.65 | | 1.66 | | |



NOTES: Some columns may not foot exactly due to the method used for individual line item rounding. Total DSC as defined in OPPD's published Strategic Directive-3: Access to Credit Markets.



Financial Statements

Debt and Financing Data

Total Senior Lien revenue bonds outstanding at year-end 2021 are budgeted to equal \$1,283.0 million. The 2021 budget anticipates the issuance of approximately \$125 million of new Senior Lien revenue bonds and also includes Senior Lien revenue bond maturities and retirements of \$50.4 million.

Total subordinated bonds outstanding at year-end 2021 are budgeted to equal \$229.8 million. The 2021 budget does not anticipate the issuance of new subordinated bonds nor bond maturities or retirements.

All minibonds will be redeemed in 2021 with an outstanding year-end balance of \$0.0.

The District issued an additional \$19.9 million of commercial paper during February 2020 bringing its total commercial paper outstanding to \$250.0 million. The District does not anticipate issuance of additional commercial paper in 2021.

Total Separate System (NC2) revenue bonds outstanding at year-end 2021 are budgeted to equal \$201.5 million. The 2021 budget does not anticipate the issuance of new NC2 revenue bonds but does have NC2 revenue bond maturities and retirements of \$3.7 million.

The total average interest rate and weighted average maturity on existing debt will be 4.24% and 13.58 years at the end of 2020 and 4.60% and 13.45 years at the end of 2021. The debt to capitalization ratio is budgeted to be 56% for 2021.



| Debt and Financing Data | ACTUAL 2018 | ACTUAL 2019 | PROJECTED 2020 | BUDGET 2020 | VARIANCE 2020 | BUDGET 2021 | 21 BUDGET VS. \$ CHANGE | 20 PROJ. % CHANGE |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| SENIOR LIEN REVENUE BONDS | 2010 | 2013 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | Ψ OΠΑΝΔΕ | 70 OFFICIAL |
| BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR | \$1,399,645 | \$1,320,330 | \$1,256,030 | \$1,256,030 | \$0 | \$1,208,640 | (\$47,390) | (3.8) |
| MATURITIES / RETIREMENTS | (224,645) | (202,055) | (47,390) | (47,390) | 0 | (50,360) | (2,970) | 6.3 |
| NEW ISSUES | 145,330 | 137,755 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 124,705 | 124,705 | - |
| BALANCE - END OF YEAR | \$1,320,330 | \$1,256,030 | \$1,208,640 | \$1,208,640 | \$0 | \$1,282,985 | \$74,345 | 6.2 |
| AVERAGE INTEREST RATE (END OF YEAR) | 4.67% | 4.78% | 4.77% | 4.77% | | 4.54% | | |
| SUBORDINATED | | | | | | | | |
| BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR | \$337,120 | \$335,940 | \$254,665 | \$254,665 | \$0 | \$229,775 | (\$24,890) | (9.8) |
| MATURITIES / RETIREMENTS | (1,180) | (81,275) | (24,890) | (24,890) | 0 | 0 | 24,890 | (100.0) |
| NEW ISSUES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| BALANCE - END OF YEAR | \$335,940 | \$254,665 | \$229,775 | \$229,775 | \$0 | \$229,775 | \$0 | 0.0 |
| AVERAGE INTEREST RATE (END OF YEAR) | 3.97% | 4.79% | 4.27% | 4.27% | | 4.24% | | |
| MINIBONDS | | | | | | | | |
| BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR | \$30,273 | \$30,755 | \$31,211 | \$31,313 | (\$102) | \$31,720 | \$509 | 1.6 |
| MATURITIES / RETIREMENTS | (158) | (176) | (150) | 0 | (150) | (32,567) | (32,417) | 21,611.3 |
| ACCRETED INTEREST | 640 | 632 | 659 | 847 | (188) | 847 | 188 | 28.5 |
| BALANCE - END OF YEAR | \$30,755 | \$31,211 | \$31,720 | \$32,160 | (\$440) | \$0 | (\$31,720) | (100.0) |
| AVERAGE INTEREST RATE (END OF YEAR) | 4.98% | 4.95% | 2.67% | 2.63% | | | | |
| COMMERCIAL PAPER | | | | | | | | |
| BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR | \$150,000 | \$150,000 | \$230,100 | \$230,100 | \$0 | \$250,000 | \$19,900 | 8.6 |
| MATURITIES / RETIREMENTS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| NEW ISSUES | 0 | 80,100 | 19,900 | 19,900 | 0 | 0 | (19,900) | (100.0) |
| BALANCE - END OF YEAR | \$150,000 | \$230,100 | \$250,000 | \$250,000 | \$0 | \$250,000 | \$0 | 0.0 |
| AVERAGE INTEREST RATE (END OF YEAR) | 1.54% | 1.27% | 1.29% | 1.29% | | 0.72% | | |
| SEPARATE SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS (NC2) | | | | | | | | |
| BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR | \$215,215 | \$211,995 | \$208,645 | \$208,645 | \$0 | \$205,150 | (\$3,495) | (1.7) |
| MATURITIES / RETIREMENTS | (3,220) | (3,350) | (3,495) | (3,495) | 0 | (3,655) | (160) | 4.6 |
| NEW ISSUES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| BALANCE - END OF YEAR | \$211,995 | \$208,645 | \$205,150 | \$205,150 | \$0 | \$201,495 | (\$3,655) | (1.8) |
| AVERAGE INTEREST RATE (END OF YEAR) | 4.93% | 4.93% | 4.94% | 4.94% | | 4.95% | | |
| TOTAL AVERAGE INTEREST RATE (END OF YEAR) | 4.36% | 4.39% | 4.24% | 4.24% | | 4.60% | | |

| TOTAL AVERAGE INTEREST RATE (END OF YEAR) | 4.36% | 4.39% | 4.24% | 4.24% | | 4.60% | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|------|
| TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE (ON DEBT) | \$82,935 | \$89,438 | \$71,563 | \$73,192 | (\$1,629) | \$83,084 | \$11,521 | 16.1 |
| DEBT TO CAPITALIZATION RATIO | 61% | 59% | 56% | 56% | | 56% | | |

NOTES: Some columns may not foot exactly due to the method used for individual line item rounding.



Financial Statements

Cash Flow Analysis

Projected cash receipts for 2020 are \$1,180.9 million, which is \$41.2 million under budget. Cash disbursements are projected to be \$1,196.0 million in 2020 or \$80.8 million under the budget amount.

In 2021, cash receipts are budgeted to increase by \$20.4 million to \$1,201.4 million as compared to the 2020 projection. This increase is commensurate with the budgeted increase of operating revenues.

Cash disbursements in 2021 are budgeted to increase by \$260.1 million to \$1,456.1 million as compared to the 2020 projection. Increases in cash disbursements for 2021 include capital investments of \$148.9 million related to Power with Purpose infrastructure upgrade, operation and maintenance expense of \$53.3 million and purchased power of \$41.6 million.

The budget values of cash receipts and disbursements result in a projected year-end cash balance of \$267.2 million in 2021.

| Cash Flow Analysis | ACTUAL | ACTUAL | PROJECTED | BUDGET | VARIANCE | BUDGET | 21 BUDGET V | 6. 20 PROJ. |
|--|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ CHANGE | % CHANGE |
| CASH BEGINNING OF PERIOD | \$449,066 | \$457,593 | \$356,508 | \$385,782 | (\$29,274) | \$361,312 | \$4,804 | 1.3 |
| RECEIPTS | | | | | | | | |
| GENERAL BUSINESS REVENUES | \$976,578 | \$967,717 | \$964,051 | \$993,657 | (\$29,606) | \$999,861 | \$35,810 | 3.7 |
| WHOLESALE REVENUES (INCL. NC2) | 197,498 | 146,718 | 141,953 | 167,292 | (25,339) | 142,124 | 171 | 0.1 |
| OTHER ELECTRIC REVENUES | \$33,094 | 37,402 | 35,836 | 35,187 | 649 | 35,848 | 12 | 0.0 |
| INTEREST INCOME | \$27,630 | 29,534 | 37,488 | 22,991 | 14,497 | 18,930 | (18,558) | (49.5) |
| PRODUCTS & SERVICES | \$3,529 | 2,862 | 1,620 | 3,039 | (1,419) | 4,622 | 3,003 | 185.4 |
| USE OF RESERVE ACCOUNTS | \$0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| TOTAL RECEIPTS | \$1,238,329 | \$1,184,233 | \$1,180,947 | \$1,222,166 | (\$41,219) | \$1,201,385 | \$20,438 | 1.7 |
| DISBURSEMENTS | | | | | | | | ļ |
| O&M EXPENSE (W/O FUEL & PURCHASED POWER) | \$326.559 | \$348,621 | \$338.088 | \$378,079 | (\$39.991) | \$391,412 | \$53,324 | 15.8 |
| DECOMMISSIONING EXPENSE | \$156,000 | 143,004 | 126,470 | 112,552 | 13,918 | 129,442 | 2,972 | 2.3 |
| PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES | \$34,017 | 35,030 | 34,846 | 34,975 | (129) | 35,102 | 255 | 0.7 |
| DEBT SERVICE | \$150,851 | 138,102 | 157,018 | 136,040 | 20,978 | 139,058 | (17,959) | (11.4) |
| CAPITAL EXPENDITURES | \$138.178 | 194,547 | 221.111 | 225,000 | (3,889) | 370,000 | 148,889 | 67.3 |
| FUEL | \$169,946 | 161,737 | 131,473 | 179,603 | (48,130) | 138,201 | 6,728 | 5.1 |
| PURCHASED POWER | \$109,940 \$196,276 | 212,666 | 183.471 | 200,182 | (16,711) | 225,110 | 41,640 | 22.7 |
| CHANGES IN OTHER NET ASSETS | \$190,270 | 9,111 | (13,433) | 10,398 | (23,831) | 223,110 | 13,433 | (100.0) |
| CONTRIBUTIONS TO RESERVE ACCOUNTS | \$43,745 | 42,500 | 17,000 | 10,550 | 17,000 | 27,800 | 10.800 | 63.5 |
| TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS | \$1,229,802 | \$1,285,318 | \$1,196,042 | \$1,276,829 | (\$80,787) | \$1,456,125 | \$260,083 | 21.7 |
| NET OPERATING CASH FLOW | \$8,527 | (\$101,085) | (\$15,095) | (\$54,663) | \$39,568 | (\$254,740) | (\$239,644) | 1,587.6 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| FINANCING | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$160,627 | \$160,627 | 0.0 |
| FINANCING COST / RESERVE AMOUNT | \$0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| COMMERCIAL PAPER - NET | \$0 | 0 | 19,900 | 19,900 | 0 | 0 | (19,900) | (100.0) |
| OTHER | \$0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| NC2 PARTICIPANT CONTRIBUTION | \$0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| TOTAL FINANCING | \$0 | \$0 | \$19,900 | \$19,900 | \$0 | \$160,627 | \$140,727 | 707.2 |
| TOTAL CHANGE IN CASH | \$8,527 | (\$101,085) | \$4,805 | (\$34,763) | \$39,568 | (\$94,113) | (\$98,917) | (2,058.7) |
| CASH END OF PERIOD | \$457,593 | \$356,508 | \$557,000 | \$351,019 | \$205,981 | \$267,199 | (\$289,802) | (52.0) |
| | | | | | | | | |
| DECOMMISSIONING FUND | \$466,000 | \$549,000 | \$552,000 | \$559,000 | (\$7,000) | \$567,000 | \$15,000 | 2.7 |

NOTES: Some columns may not foot exactly due to the method used for individual line item rounding.





Energy Sales



Energy Sales

Electric Energy Sales & Electric Customers

Electric energy sales for 2021 are budgeted to be 16,740,432 MWh or 2.8% higher than the 2020 projected energy sales, which is driven by increasing general business sales (retail sales) and is partially offset by lower wholesale sales (off-system sales). General business sales are budgeted to increase 468,939 MWh in 2021 compared to the 2020 projection, which is mainly a result of industrial sales. Wholesale sales (including NC2 participation sales) are budgeted to decrease 8,644 MWh or 0.2% from 2020 projected levels. The decrease in wholesale sales is primarily due to NC2 Participant Wholesale sales decreasing as a result of a 30 day planned outage for NC2.

In 2021, the average number of general business customers is budgeted to decrease by 3,536 or 1.0% below 2020 projections.



ELECTRIC ENERGY SALES AND CUSTOMERS

| Energy Sales and Customers | ACTUAL | ACTUAL | PROJECTED | BUDGET | VARIANCE | BUDGET | 21 BUDGET V | S. 20 PROJ. |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | MWh CHANGE | % CHANGE |
| ELECTRIC ENERGY SALES (MWh) | | | | | | | | |
| RESIDENTIAL | 3,841,044 | 3,751,130 | 3,774,808 | 3,655,916 | 118,892 | 3,707,661 | (67,147) | (1.8) |
| COMMERCIAL | 3,765,726 | 3,735,317 | 3,594,900 | 3,794,799 | (199,898) | 3,543,602 | (51,298) | (1.4) |
| INDUSTRIAL | 3,371,856 | 3,389,005 | 3,708,416 | 3,690,462 | 17,954 | 4,235,059 | 526,643 | 14.2 |
| SUBTOTAL | 10,978,626 | 10,875,452 | 11,078,124 | 11,141,177 | (63,052) | 11,486,322 | 408,198 | 3.7 |
| UNBILLED SALES | (28,596) | 44,351 | (13,584) | 22,054 | (35,638) | 47,158 | 60,741 | (447.2) |
| GENERAL BUSINESS SALES | 10,950,030 | 10,919,803 | 11,064,541 | 11,163,231 | (98,690) | 11,533,480 | 468,939 | 4.2 |
| NC2 PARTICIPANT | 2,447,542 | 1,880,606 | 2,514,369 | 2,324,248 | 190,121 | 2,151,600 | (362,769) | (14.4) |
| OTHER | 3,211,166 | 2,546,862 | 2,701,228 | 3,842,272 | (1,141,044) | 3,055,352 | 354,125 | 13.1 |
| WHOLESALE SALES | 5,658,707 | 4,427,468 | 5,215,597 | 6,166,520 | (950,923) | 5,206,952 | (8,644) | (0.2) |
| TOTAL MWh SALES | 16,608,737 | 15,347,271 | 16,280,137 | 17,329,750 | (1,049,613) | 16,740,432 | 460,295 | 2.8 |
| ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS (12 MONTH AVG.) | | | | | | | | |
| RESIDENTIAL | 333,567 | 337,517 | 341,683 | 339,069 | 2,613 | 338,103 | (3,580) | (1.0) |
| COMMERCIAL | 46,589 | 46,837 | 47,410 | 47,448 | (38) | 47,450 | 40 | 0.1 |
| INDUSTRIAL | 151 | 147 | 145 | 147 | (2) | 148 | 3 | 2.0 |
| TOTAL GEN. BUS. CUSTOMERS | 380,308 | 384,502 | 389,237 | 386,664 | 2,574 | 385,701 | (3,536) | (0.9) |
| <u>kWh / CUSTOMER</u> | | | | | | | | |
| RESIDENTIAL | 11,515 | 11,114 | 11,048 | 10,782 | 265 | 10,966 | (82) | (0.7) |
| COMMERCIAL | 80,828 | 79,751 | 75,826 | 79,979 | (4,152) | 74,681 | (1,146) | (1.5) |
| INDUSTRIAL | 22,268,726 | 23,015,311 | 25,545,920 | 25,105,184 | 440,736 | 28,615,261 | 3,069,341 | 12.0 |
| AVERAGE kWh / CUSTOMER | 28,868 | 28,285 | 28,461 | 28,814 | (352) | 29,780 | 1,319 | 4.6 |

NOTES: Some columns may not foot exactly due to the method used for individual line item rounding.



Energy Sales

Operating Revenues

Total electric operating revenues for 2020 are projected to be \$1,083.8 million, which is \$77.5 million or 6.7% below budget. The variance is primarily due to retail revenues of \$24.7 million, Decommissioning and Benefits Reserve contribution of \$27.8 million, and wholesale revenues that are \$25.7 million below budget for 2020. The variance also includes the decrease in Late Payment Charges of \$1.5 million and Miscellaneous Service Revenues of \$0.5 million (which includes field collection/reconnect fees), as a part of OPPD's Customer First COVID-19 response.

Total electric operating revenues for 2021 are budgeted to be \$1,181.6 million, which is \$97.8 million or 9.0% over the 2020 projected operating revenues. The increase is primarily due to higher 2021 retail revenue, which is related to increased load growth from industrial customers.



OPERATING REVENUES (Dollars in Thousands)

| Operating Revenues | ACTUAL | ACTUAL | PROJECTED | BUDGET | VARIANCE | BUDGET | 21 BUDGET VS | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------|
| ELECTRIC OPERATING REVENUES | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ CHANGE | % CHANGE |
| ELECTRIC OF ENATING REVERSES | | | | | | | | |
| RESIDENTIAL | \$431,199 | \$423,574 | \$429,228 | \$418,834 | \$10,394 | \$423,209 | (\$6,019) | (1.4) |
| COMMERCIAL | 331,773 | 329,616 | 317,179 | 332,213 | (15,034) | 312,864 | (4,315) | (1.4) |
| INDUSTRIAL | 213,606 | 215,766 | 233,196 | 239,885 | (6,689) | 267,779 | 34,583 | 14.8 |
| SUBTOTAL | \$976,578 | \$968,955 | \$979,604 | \$990,933 | (\$11,329) | \$1,003,852 | \$24,248 | 2.5 |
| FPPA RECEIVABLE AMORTIZATION | \$8,579 | \$20,896 | (\$40,822) | (\$29,081) | (\$11,741) | \$2,520 | \$43,342 | (106.2) |
| PROVISION FOR DABR | (42,500) | (17,000) | (27,800) | 0 | (27,800) | 0 | 27,800 | (100.0) |
| PROVISION FOR RATE STABILIZATION | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| UNBILLED REVENUES/ADJUSTMENTS | (2,532) | 2,956 | (969) | 674 | (1,643) | 1,082 | 2,051 | (211.6) |
| SUBTOTAL | (\$36,453) | \$6,852 | (\$69,591) | (\$28,407) | (\$41,185) | \$3,602 | \$73,193 | (105.2) |
| NC2 PARTICIPANTS | \$74.795 | \$70,246 | \$67,390 | \$66,294 | \$1.096 | \$60,444 | (\$6,946) | (10.3) |
| OTHER | 108,918 | 77,264 | 70,559 | 97,354 | (26,796) | 77,879 | 7,320 | 10.4 |
| TOTAL WHOLESALE REVENUES | \$183,714 | \$147,509 | \$137,948 | \$163,648 | (\$25,700) | \$138,323 | \$374 | 0.3 |
| TOTAL WHOLLS, ILL HEVELTOLS | \$200,121 | \$211,000 | 4201,010 | ¥200,010 | (420): 00) | \$100,020 | 4011 | 0.0 |
| TOTAL SALES OF ELECTRIC ENERGY | \$1,123,839 | \$1,123,317 | \$1,047,961 | \$1,126,174 | (\$78,214) | \$1,145,777 | \$97,816 | 9.3 |
| OTHER ELECTRIC REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| LATE PAYMENT CHARGES | \$4,640 | \$4,440 | \$3,205 | \$4,751 | (\$1,546) | \$4,846 | \$1,641 | 51.2 |
| RENT FROM ELECTRIC PROPERTY | 4,111 | 4,190 | 5,453 | 4,315 | 1,137 | 4,481 | (972) | (17.8) |
| MISC. SERVICE REVENUE | 4,888 | 4,972 | 4,273 | 4,783 | (510) | 4,808 | 535 | 12.5 |
| TRANSMISSION WHEELING FEES | 8,003 | 7,837 | 7,523 | 7,163 | 360 | 6,384 | (1,138) | (15.1) |
| DISTRIBUTION WHEELING FEES | 2,337 | 2,893 | 2,778 | 2,773 | 5 | 2,500 | (278) | (10.0) |
| TRANSMISSION - SPP | 9,115 | 13,070 | 12,625 | 11,400 | 1,225 | 12,829 | 204 | 1.6 |
| TOTAL OTHER ELECTRIC REVENUES | \$33,094 | \$37,402 | \$35,857 | \$35,185 | \$672 | \$35,848 | (\$9) | (0.0) |
| TOTAL ELECTRIC OPERATING REVENUES | \$1.156.933 | \$1,160,719 | \$1.083.818 | \$1,161,360 | (\$77,542) | \$1,181,624 | \$97.806 | 9.0 |
| TOTAL ELECTRIC OPERATING REVENUES | Ф1,100,933 | ФТ,100,719 | φ±,003,010 | ФТ,ТОТ,300 | (\$11,54Z) | Ф1,101,024 | φ97,800 | 9.0 |

NOTES: Some columns may not foot exactly due to the method used for individual line item rounding.



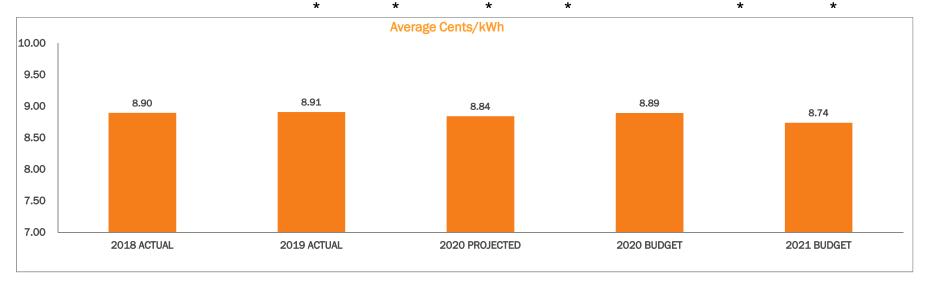
Energy Sales

Average Cents/kWh

The average price per kWh for retail customers is budgeted to be 8.74 cents for 2021. This is 0.10 cents or a 1.2% decrease from the 8.84 cents that was projected for 2020. This price per kWh variance is the result of actual billings relative to energy sold as opposed to a rate change.



| _ | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2020 | VARIANCE 2020 | BUDGET 2021 | \$ CHANGE | S. 20 PROJ. % CHANGE |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| RESIDENTIAL | 11.23 | 11.29 | 11.37 | 11.46 | (0.09) | 11.41 | 0.04 | 0.4 |
| COMMERCIAL | 8.81 | 8.82 | 8.82 | 8.75 | 0.07 | 8.83 | 0.01 | 0.1 |
| INDUSTRIAL | 6.33 | 6.37 | 6.29 | 6.50 | (0.21) | 6.32 | 0.03 | 0.6 |
| RETAIL AVERAGE | 8.90 | 8.91 | 8.84 | 8.89 | (0.05) | 8.74 | (0.10) | (1.2) |



NOTES: Some columns may not foot exactly due to the method used for individual line item rounding.



^{*} Average rates are from the revenue recognized on the Income Statement and do not incorporate accrued unbilled. These rates differ from customer billed rates and are calculated for benchmarking and illustrative purposes only.



Net System Requirements



Net System Requirements

Net system requirements (Total General Business Sales as shown on the next page) for 2021 are budgeted to be 12,111,094 MWh, an increase of 4.8% from the 2020 projected amount. The major components of net system requirements are below by sales and supply components.

Total sales are budgeted to increase 460,295 MWh or 2.8% from the 2020 projected amount. Retail general business sales are budgeted to increase 468,939 MWh from the 2020 projected amount. Wholesale sales, excluding NC2 participation sales, are budgeted to increase by 354,125 MWh or 13.1% from the 2020 projected amount.

Net generation is budgeted to increase 4.8% in 2021 to 10,463,343 MWh and firm/participation purchases are budgeted to decrease 6.3% from the 2020 projected amount. Wholesale purchases are budgeted to increase 336,768 MWh in 2021 from the 2020 projected amount.

Net System Requirements
Sales and Supply Components (MWh)

| | PROJECTED 2020 | BUDGET 2021 | INCREASE / (DECREASE) | % CHANGE |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------|
| Sales Components | | | | |
| Retail General Business Sales | 11,064,541 | 11,533,480 | 468,939 | 4.2 |
| NC2 Participation Sales | 2,514,369 | 2,151,600 | (362,769) | (14.4) |
| Wholesale Sales | 2,701,228 | 3,055,352 | 354,125 | 13.1 |
| Total | 16,280,137 | 16,740,432 | 460,295 | 2.8 |
| Supply Components | | | | |
| Net Generation | 9,981,578 | 10,463,343 | 481,765 | 4.8 |
| Firm/Participation Purchases | 4,276,825 | 4,006,528 | (270,297) | (6.3) |
| Wholesale Purchases | 2,511,408 | 2,848,176 | 336,768 | 13.4 |
| Lost or Unaccounted For | (489,673) | (577,614) | (87,941) | 18.0 |
| Total | 16,280,137 | 16,740,432 | 460,295 | 2.8 |



| Net System Requirements | ACTUAL 2018 | ACTUAL 2019 | PROJECTED 2020 | BUDGET 2020 | VARIANCE 2020 | BUDGET 2021 | 21 BUDGET VS MWh CHANGE | . 20 PROJ. % CHANGE |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| NET GENERATION (MWh) | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL NET GENERATION | 11,153,086 | 9,053,629 | 9,981,578 | 11,331,344 | (1,349,767) | 10,463,343 | 481,765 | 4.8 |
| FIRM/PARTICIPATION PURCHASES | 3,496,562 | 3,400,907 | 4,276,825 | 4,170,270 | 106,554 | 4,006,528 | (270,297) | (6.3) |
| WHOLESALE PURCHASES | 2,388,884 | 3,289,773 | 2,511,408 | 2,377,509 | 133,899 | 2,848,176 | 336,768 | 13.4 |
| TOTAL PURCHASES | 5,885,446 | 6,690,680 | 6,788,232 | 6,547,779 | 240,453 | 6,854,704 | 66,471 | 1.0 |
| TOTAL INPUT | 17,038,532 | 15,744,309 | 16,769,810 | 17,879,123 | (1,109,313) | 17,318,047 | 548,236 | 3.3 |
| WHOLESALE SALES | | | | | | | | |
| NC2 PARTICIPANT | 2,447,542 | 1,880,606 | 2,514,369 | 2,324,248 | 190,121 | 2,151,600 | (362,769) | (14.4) |
| OTHER | 3,211,166 | 2,546,862 | 2,701,228 | 3,842,272 | (1,141,044) | 3,055,352 | 354,125 | 13.1 |
| TOTAL WHOLESALE SALES | 5,658,707 | 4,427,468 | 5,215,597 | 6,166,520 | (950,923) | 5,206,952 | (8,644) | (0.2) |
| NET SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS | 11,379,824 | 11,316,841 | 11,554,214 | 11,712,604 | (158,390) | 12,111,094 | 556,881 | 4.8 |
| TOTAL GENERAL BUSINESS SALES | 10,950,030 | 10,919,803 | 11,064,541 | 11,163,231 | (98,690) | 11,533,480 | 468,939 | 4.2 |
| ENERGY LOST OR UNACCOUNTED FOR | 429,794 | 397,038 | 489,673 | 549,373 | (59,700) | 577,614 | 87,941 | 18.0 |
| TOTAL GEN. BUS. SALES | 11,379,824 | 11,316,841 | 11,554,214 | 11,712,604 | (158,390) | 12,111,094 | 556,881 | 4.8 |

| PEAK LOAD (MW) | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-----|-----|
| EXCLUDES DSM | 2,579 | 2,604 | 2,552 | 2,594 | (42) | 2,640 | 88 | 3.4 |
| INCLUDES DSM | 2,429 | 2,447 | 2,392 | 2,439 | (47) | 2,470 | 78 | 3.3 |
| LOAD FACTOR (%) - REFLECTS DSM | 50.4 | 49.6 | 51.7 | 51.5 | 0.1 | 52.4 | 0.7 | 1.3 |

NOTES: Some columns may not foot exactly due to the method used for individual line item rounding. DSM stands for Demand Side Management and includes Demand Response and Energy Efficiency components.





Operation, Maintenance, and Decommissioning Expenses



OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, AND DECOMMISSIONING EXPENSES

Operation, Maintenance, and Decommissioning Expenses

The District's 2021 total budgeted operations and maintenance (0&M) expense is \$768.0 million, which is \$72.8 million or 10.5% more than the 2020 projected amount.

Fuel expense represents 18.6% of total 0&M expense. Fuel expense is budgeted at \$142.7 million for 2021, a decrease of \$0.2 million or 0.1% less than the 2020 projected amount.

Production expense represents 13.4% of the total and is budgeted to be \$103.3 million in 2021, which is \$12.6 million or 13.9% greater than the 2020 projected amount. The primary driver is more scheduled outages.

Purchased power, including wind purchases, represents 29.0% of total 0&M expense and is budgeted at \$222.4 million for 2021. This represents an increase of \$24.9 million or 12.6% above the 2020 projected amount. The increase from the 2020 projection is primarily due to more scheduled outages in 2021.

Transmission and distribution expense represents 14.5% of total 0&M expense and is budgeted at \$111.5 million, which is \$14.0 million or 14.4% more than the 2020 projected amount. The increase over the projected amount for 2020 is associated with asset health maintenance and inspection activities, improved cable locates, and the grid modernization strategic initiative.

Customer accounting and services expense represents 5.8% of total 0&M expense and is budgeted at \$44.2 million for 2021. This represents an increase of \$6.0 million or 15.8% more than the 2020 projected amount. Contributors to the increase over the 2020 projection include customer engagement strategic initiative, anticipated customer write offs, and business technology expenses.

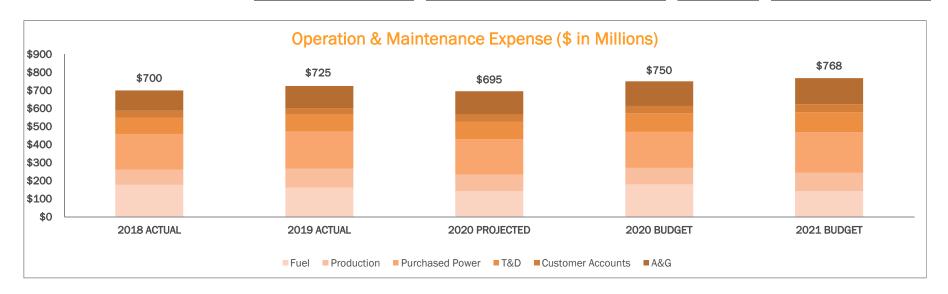
Administrative and general expense represents 18.7% of total 0&M expense and is budgeted at \$143.9 million for 2021. This category reflects an increase of \$15.4 million or 12.0% more than the 2020 projected amount. This year over year change is primarily related to business technology expenses and overall growth in staffing plans.

Decommissioning expenses represent the annual funding of the decommissioning liability. The decommissioning funding for 2021 is budgeted to be \$129.4 million, which is \$4.7 million more than the 2020 projected amount.



OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, AND DECOMMISSIONING EXPENSES (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

| Operation, Maintenance, and | ACTUAL | ACTUAL | PROJECTED | BUDGET | VARIANCE | BUDGET | 21 BUDGET V | /S. 20 PROJ. |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|
| Decommissioning Expenses | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ CHANGE | % CHANGE |
| | | | | | | | | |
| FUEL | \$177,109 | \$161,737 | \$142,829 | \$179,753 | (\$36,923) | \$142,650 | (\$179) | (0.1) |
| PRODUCTION | 85,373 | 104,771 | 90,685 | 91,071 | (386) | 103,250 | 12,566 | 13.9 |
| PURCHASED POWER | 196,276 | 206,742 | 197,441 | 199,892 | (2,452) | 222,371 | 24,930 | 12.6 |
| TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION | 91,838 | 91,926 | 97,503 | 102,954 | (5,451) | 111,548 | 14,045 | 14.4 |
| CUSTOMER ACCOUNTING AND SERVICES | 36,826 | 37,358 | 38,190 | 40,281 | (2,091) | 44,237 | 6,048 | 15.8 |
| ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL | 112,522 | 122,357 | 128,517 | 136,435 | (7,919) | 143,895 | 15,378 | 12.0 |
| TOTAL O&M EXPENSE | \$699,944 | \$724,891 | \$695,164 | \$750,386 | (\$55,221) | \$767,952 | \$72,787 | 10.5 |
| DECOMMISSIONING EXPENSES | \$156,000 | \$143,004 | \$124,723 | \$123,601 | \$1,122 | \$129,442 | \$4,719 | 3.8 |



NOTES: Some columns may not foot exactly due to the method used for individual line item rounding.





Capital Expenditure Plan



CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Capital Expenditure Plan

Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures for 2021 are budgeted at \$370.0 million, which is \$148.9 million more than the 2020 projected capital expenditures.

Production Plant expenditures for 2021 are budgeted to be \$192.5 million, which is \$110.8 million or 135.5% more than the 2020 projected expenditures. The year over year increase is primarily related to Power with Purpose projects.

Transmission and Distribution Plant expenditures for 2021 are budgeted to be \$144.0 million, which is \$28.3 million or 24.4% more than the 2020 projected expenditures primarily due to the electric system expansion.

General Plant and Removal and Salvage for 2021 are budgeted to be \$33.5 million, which is \$9.8 million or 42.7% higher than the 2020 projected expenditures.

The 2021 capital expenditure plan was derived by breaking investments into two categories, labeled sustain and expand. The sustain category includes routine capital projects that are aimed at maintaining and improving existing assets and is budgeted at a consistent level year over year. The expand category is for new assets planned to be added to the District's asset base, such as the Power with Purpose project. The sustain and expand categorization helps ensure that existing assets are still being invested in at sufficient levels while new assets are being added. For 2021, the sustain category accounts for 43% or \$160.8 million of the total capital budget and the expand category accounts for 57% or \$209.2 million.

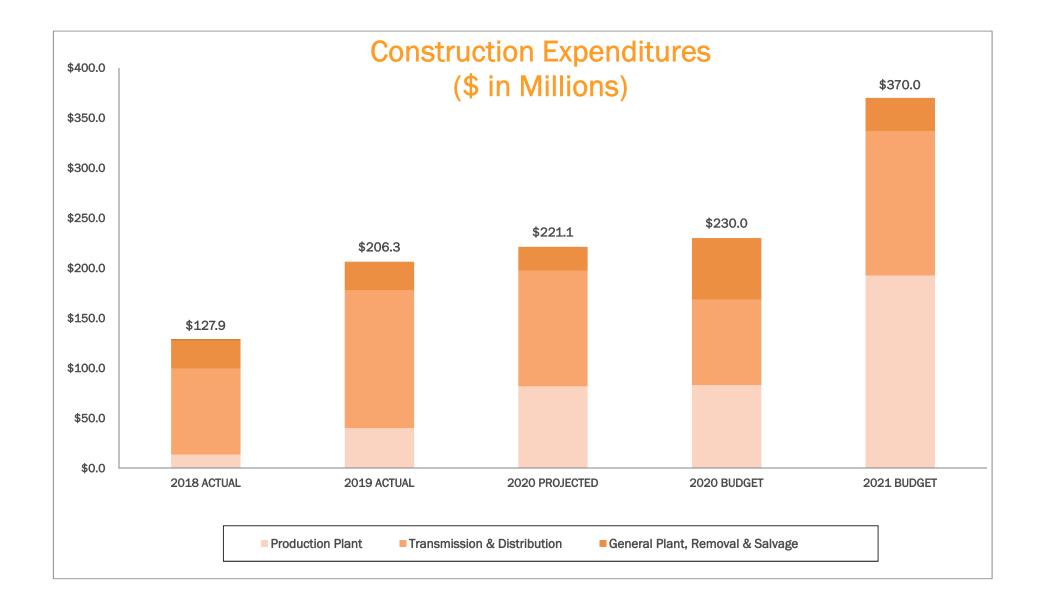
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

| Capital Expenditures | ACTUAL 2018 | ACTUAL 2019 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| PRODUCTION PLANT | \$13,747 | \$39,995 |
| TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION PLANT | \$85,804 | \$137,774 |
| GENERAL PLANT | \$28,093 | \$26,424 |
| REMOVAL AND SALVAGE | \$235 | \$2,108 |
| TOTAL | \$127,879 | \$206,301 |

| PROJECTED 2020 | BUDGET 2020 | VARIANCE 2020 | BUDGET 2021 |
|-------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| \$81,762 | \$83,085 | (\$1,323) | \$192,539 |
| \$115,720 | \$85,174 | \$30,546 | \$143,990 |
| \$22,429 | \$61,165 | (\$38,736) | \$32,012 |
| \$1,200 | \$575 | \$625 | \$1,458 |
| \$221,111 | \$230,000 | (\$8,889) | \$370,000 |

| 21 BUDGET \ \$ CHANGE | VS. 20 PROJ. % CHANGE |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| \$110,777 | 135.5 |
| \$28,270 | 24.4 |
| \$9,583 | 42.7 |
| \$258 | 0.0 |
| \$148,889 | 67.3 |







| ECOMMENDED PROJECTS: | 2014-2019 Expenditures | 2020 Projection | 2021 Budget | 2014-2021 Project Expenditures |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Power with Purpose Infrastructure expansion for Board Resolution No. 6351 approved on November 14, 2019. | \$0 | \$54,460 | \$172,539 | \$226,999 |
| Circuit and Substation Upgrades Upgrade and replace multiple circuits and substations to meet customer needs. | \$0 | \$77 | \$17,483 | \$17,560 |
| Fiber Network Expansion Project Expand OPPD Fiber optics connectivity to replace the current analog communications services. | \$18,834 | \$17,531 | \$10,519 | \$46,884 |
| Transmission Distribution Improvement Program-Cable Replacement Replace the worst performing underground distribution cable on a performance driven basis. | \$13,682 | \$10,019 | \$8,172 | \$31,873 |
| Installation of an Autotransformer at a Substation Expansion to accommodate residential growth by installing a new auto transformer at a substation. | \$0 | \$565 | \$7,530 | \$8,095 |
| Customer Service Commercial and Industrial Project Purchase and install underground or overhead infrastructure for new commercial and industrial customers. | \$48,046 | \$9,212 | \$7,004 | \$64,262 |
| Customer Service Residential Project Purchase and install underground or overhead infrastructure for new residential developments. | \$40,324 | \$7,622 | \$6,950 | \$54,896 |
| 13kv Line and Substation Transformers Overhead and surface mount transformers on the distribution system required due to failure or system expansion. | \$36,129 | \$7,216 | \$6,086 | \$49,431 |

| ECOMMENDED PROJECTS: | 2014-2019 Expenditures | 2020 Projection | 2021 Budget | 2014-2021 Project Expenditures |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Nebraska City Station Unit 1 Low Pressure Rotor Replacement Replace the low pressure rotors with materials not susceptible to stress corrosion cracking. | \$1,952 | \$2,558 | \$5,699 | \$10,209 |
| Transmission and Distribution Street & Highway Project Relocation of OPPD transmission and distribution facilities that are located in public road right-of-way. | \$41,801 | \$11,016 | \$5,464 | \$58,281 |
| Cass County Turbine Hot Gas Path Refurbishment Required maintenance for turbine reliability. | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,269 | \$5,269 |
| Nebraska City Common Levee Certification Determine what physical improvements, operational requirements and maintenance activities are needed for the levee to be accredited and accepted by FEMA as providing 100 year flood protection and regain active status with the USACE PL84-99 Rehabilitation Program. | \$0 | \$2,265 | \$4,392 | \$6,657 |
| Upgrade Customer Information System Information Technology upgrade to the enterprise customer information software that is used for customer service billing and account management. | \$0 | \$2,186 | \$4,386 | \$6,572 |



| RECOMMENDED PROJECTS: | 2014-2019 Expenditures | 2020 Projection | 2021 Budget | 2014-2021 Project Expenditures |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Substation Circuit Upgrade Upgrade of two circuits required to maintain reliability due to increased load. | \$66 | \$13 | \$4,244 | \$4,323 |
| Backup Autotransformer Purchase Project Procure a backup autotransformer, which will be available to serve if one of the three autotransformers in service fail. | \$558 | \$1,397 | \$4,107 | \$6,062 |
| New Distribution Transformer and Circuit Install Procure and install a distribution transformer and circuit to meet load requirements of new customer. | \$0 | \$1,063 | \$3,850 | \$4,913 |
| Medium/Heavy Truck Replacement Routine replacement of medium and heavy duty trucks. | \$16,012 | \$2,050 | \$3,757 | \$21,819 |
| Transmission Distribution Improvement Program-Distribution Poles Replace distribution poles in conjunction with the ongoing Transmission and Distribution System Improvement Projects. | \$10,388 | \$4,600 | \$3,700 | \$18,688 |
| Ground Line Inspection and Treatment Pole Replacement Replace degraded wood poles and structures used for transmission and distribution. | \$1,487 | \$2,230 | \$3,379 | \$7,096 |



| ECOMMENDED PROJECTS: | 2014-2019 Expenditures | 2020 Projection | 2021 Budget | 2014-2021 Project Expenditures |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Light Emitting Diode (LED) Streetlight Conversion The conversion of streetlights to a LED standard. | \$6,244 | \$5,865 | \$3,250 | \$15,359 |
| Modernize the Contact Center and Customer Interaction Technologies Modernize the customer service contact systems. | \$0 | \$439 | \$2,966 | \$3,405 |
| Battery Energy Storage System Obtain and test utility-grade battery storage to determine how it will integrate with the District's power grid. | \$0 | \$144 | \$2,843 | \$2,987 |
| Nebraska City Station Unit 1 Waterbox Retube Replace aging turbine condensation tubes with materials not susceptible to corrosion. | \$0 | \$1,083 | \$2,643 | \$3,726 |
| Transmission Distribution Improvement Program-Conductors Replace junk conductors on a performance driven basis. | \$2,376 | \$3,356 | \$2,419 | \$8,151 |



225 Union Boulevard Suite 305 Lakewood, CO 80228 Phone: (720) 633-9514 Fax: (720) 633-9535

November 10, 2020

Board of Directors Omaha Public Power District 444 South 16th Street Mall Omaha, Nebraska 68102

Subject: Review of OPPD Preliminary 2021 Corporate Operating Plan

Dear Members of the Board:

As requested by the Board of Directors and Management of the Omaha Public Power District (the District), NewGen Strategies and Solutions, LLC (NewGen) to review the Preliminary 2021 Corporate Operating Plan prepared by the District for the following year. We have made a preliminary review of limited information available to us on the Preliminary 2021 Corporate Operating Plan (2021 Corporate Operating Plan) being prepared by the District, and are providing this preliminary letter to update the Members of the Board of our status of our review. We have not completed our review of the 2021 Corporate Operating Plan as of the date of this letter, but the data and information we have reviewed seems reasonable and we have not come across any issues or areas of concern.

When NewGen has completed its review of the 2021 Corporate Operating Plan we will forward our completed letter report to the Members of the Board.

We appreciate the opportunity to serve the District. If you should have any questions concerning this preliminary review, we would be glad to discuss-them with you at your convenience.

Sincerely,

NewGen Strategies and Solutions, LLC

Gordon I Vanel

Gordon L Vanek

Senior Consultant



November 6th, 2020

Board of Directors Omaha Public Power District 444 South 16th Street Mall Omaha, Nebraska 68102-2247

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I. Background

The Omaha Public Power District collects the annual revenues required to cover the variable costs associated with power production and acquisition through its Fuel and Purchase Power Adjustment (FPPA) Base Rate ("Base Rate") and the FPPA Factor. The Base Rate aims to recover the actual fuel and purchased power costs associated with serving retail customers. The FPPA Factor adjusts the Base Rate to include the under (or over) recovered balance from prior years so that ultimately, customers pay the actual cost of fuel and purchased power. OPPD is proposing a resetting of its Base Rate to a historical value but leaving its FPPA Factor unchanged.

Consistent with its policy of aligning rates with costs, the Base Rate's proposed decrease varies among customer classes.

II. Discussion

1. Base Rate and FFPA Factor Changes

As the District continues to change its resource mix by reducing the proportion of baseload generation assets and increasing intermittent resource assets, it is experiencing higher price volatility, especially related to the real-time versus day-ahead purchase volumes in the SPP Integrated Marketplace. While price volatility has increased, the District expects lower 2021 fuel and purchased power expenses than in prior years.

The proposed rate change to the District's primary customer classes is summarized below. As in past years, the differences among customer classes reflect the District's cost of service allocations to each class for their portion of the Base Rate. The table below presents the proposed changes.

ONE BEACON STREET, SUITE 2600, BOSTON, MA 02108

Page 2

Implied Fuel and Purchase Power Impacts by Rate Class

| Customer Class | Base Rate | FPPA Factor | Е | Base Rate + Factor | Reset Base Rate | New FPPA Factor | Reset Base Rate + New Factor | ange in Revenue o To Base Rate Reset |
|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Rate/Factor, \$/kWh | 0.02412 | (0.00131) | | 0.02281 | 0.02095 | 0.00186 | 0.02281 | \$ - |
| Residential | \$ 89,428,783.97 | \$ (4,857,035.95) | \$ | 84,571,748.03 | \$ 77,675,498.52 | \$ 6,896,249.51 | \$ 84,571,748.03 | \$ - |
| Commercial | \$ 83,942,063.24 | \$ (4,559,042.41) | \$ | 79,383,020.83 | \$ 72,909,876.65 | \$ 6,473,144.18 | \$ 79,383,020.83 | \$ - |
| Industrial | \$ 74,371,656.52 | \$ (4,039,256.64) | \$ | 70,332,399.89 | \$ 64,597,272.15 | \$ 5,735,127.74 | \$ 70,332,399.89 | \$ - |
| Lighting | \$ 1,529,627.72 | \$ (83,076.80) | \$ | 1,446,550.92 | \$ 1,328,594.55 | \$ 117,956.37 | \$ 1,446,550.92 | \$ - |
| Wholesale Towns | \$ 1,166,470.53 | \$ (63,353.08) | \$ | 1,103,117.44 | \$ 1,013,165.74 | \$ 89,951.71 | \$ 1,103,117.44 | \$ - |
| Total | \$ 250,438,601.98 | \$ (13,601,764.87) | \$ | 236,836,837.11 | \$ 217,524,407.61 | \$ 19,312,429.51 | \$ 236,836,837.11 | \$ = |

Note: The District's cost of service study supports the proposed rates.

For 2021, the District has made considerable adjustments to its forecasting methodology to better project both the budgeted fuel and purchased power costs as well as off-system sales. These adjustments have kept costs variances lower, leading to a more accurate 2020 projection. The 2020 projection accuracy allows the District to feel confident in resetting its Base Rate to a historical value.

2. Retaining the Current Fuel and Purchase Power Adjustment (FPPA) Factor by Resetting the Base Rate

It is reasonable and in conformance with general industry practice to reset the base energy charge (Base Rate) and leave the FPPA Factor unchanged as has been proposed. The Board's decision to freeze rates specifically exempted variations in energy costs through the FPPA Factor mechanism. The resetting merely relabels revenues that the rate freeze permits collecting. The reset Base Rate produces no difference in the revenues collected from customers for variable costs than if the Base Rate were not reset. The Board explicitly excluded the FPPA Factor from accounting for unanticipated cost increases when it committed to not increasing general rates.

The costs included in the FPPA Factor mirror those in the Base Rate. No cost categories that would not be included in the Base Rate arises in the FPPA Factor calculation. If the costs were not so reflected, it would violate a general principle of consistency required for formula rates.

III. Findings

We have reviewed the District's proposed rate changes. We find the proposed rate changes to be fair, reasonable, and non-discriminatory.

IV.Recommendation

We recommend Board adoption of the District's proposed rate revisions.



November 6, 2020

Page 3

Respectfully yours,

Philip Q Hanser The Brattle Group Principal Emeritus

Agustin Ros The Brattle Group Principal



Preliminary 2021 Corporate Operating Plan (COP)

November 10, 2020

Assumptions

Revenue Adjustments

- The 2021 Preliminary COP realizes the fifth and final year of our 2016 commitment to no General Rate increase
- No change in the fuel and purchase power factor
- Resetting the fuel and purchase power base rate

Retail Energy Sales (MWh)

- 3.3% increase from 2020 budget
- 4.2% increase from 2020 projected

Wholesale Revenue (Dollars)

- 15.5% decrease from 2020 budget
- 0.3% increase from 2020 projected

Purchase Power (Dollars)

- 11.2% increase from 2020 budget
- 12.6% increase from 2020 projected



Assumptions

Expenditures

- Capital, operating and maintenance expenditures are planned to maintain system reliability and future load growth
- Total 2021 budgeted expenditures of \$1.4 billion

Financing

- New money revenue bonds with net proceeds of \$160 million are included in the 2021 budget
- The proceeds of these bonds are expected to be used for reimbursement of capital and construction projects

Fort Calhoun Station

- Budgeted contributions to the decommissioning trust fund of \$129 million
- Budgeted decommissioning expenditures from the trust fund of \$123 million
- Budgeted Restart & Recovery amortization of \$15 million



Assumptions

Reserves

No budgeted funding or withdrawal from the Rate Stabilization or Decommissioning and Benefit Reserve Accounts

2021 Budgeted Major Outages

- Nebraska City Station Unit Number 1
- Nebraska City Station Unit Number 2
- North Omaha Station Unit Number 5



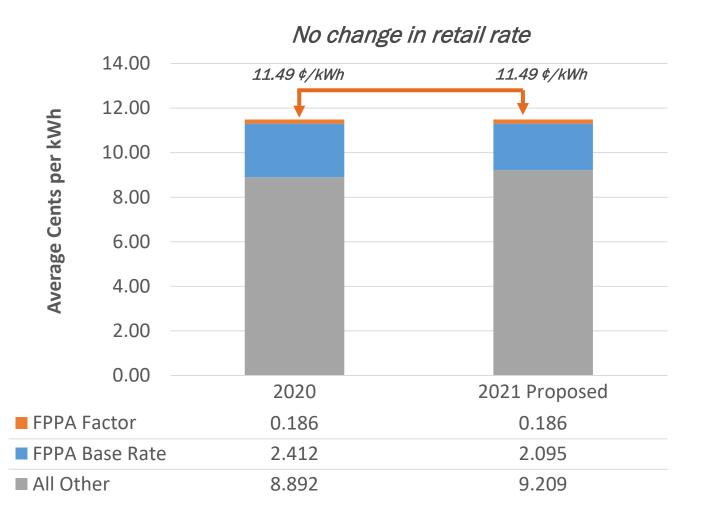
Fuel & Purchase Power Base Rate Reset

- By formula, OPPD recovers the costs incurred for fuel and purchase power by its Fuel and Purchase Power Adjustment (FPPA).
- The FPPA recovers costs via two mechanisms, the Base Rate which is included the general rate and the FPPA Factor which is an adjustment that is billed on top of the general rate.
- Based on current and forecasted market conditions, OPPD is recommending a reset of the Base Rate while leaving the FPPA Factor unchanged. This rate action will not cause an increase or decrease in retail rates, consistent with the General Rate freeze promised in 2016.



Fuel & Purchase Power Base Rate Reset Effect

- Illustrative example
- The proposed rate action for the FPPA Base Rate Reset results in no change to customer rates.
- The FPPA Factor also remains unchanged.





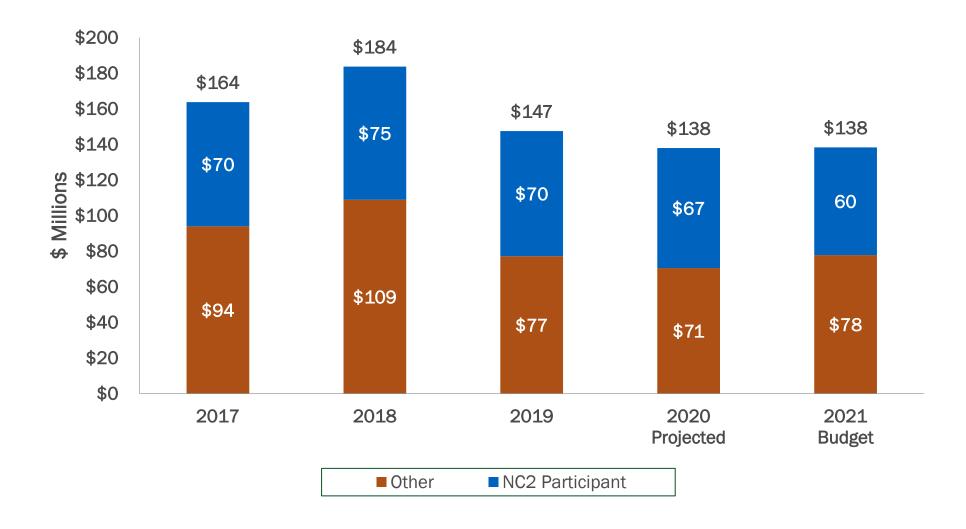
Retail Revenue*



^{*}Excludes activity for Rate Stabilization and Decommissioning and Benefit Reserve, Unbilled, and Fuel and Purchase Power Adjustment accruals/reversals

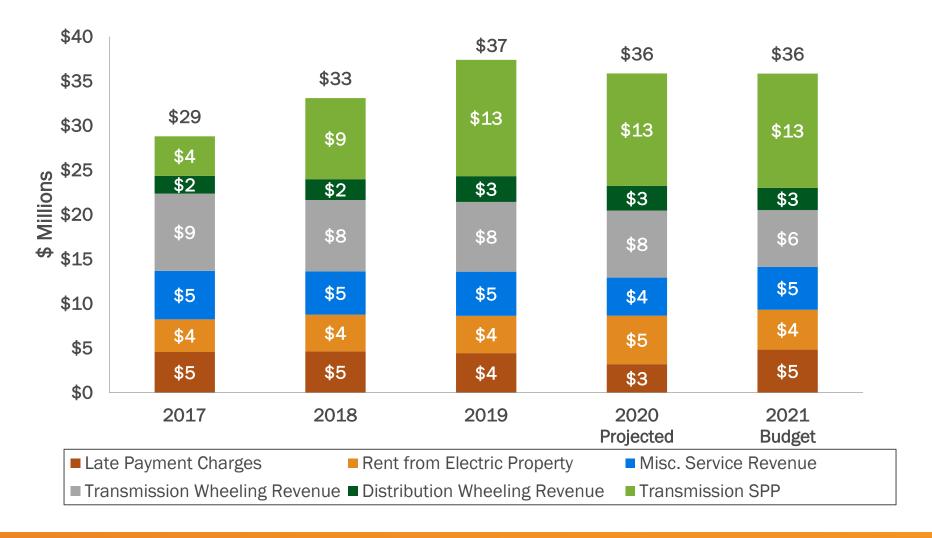


Wholesale Revenue



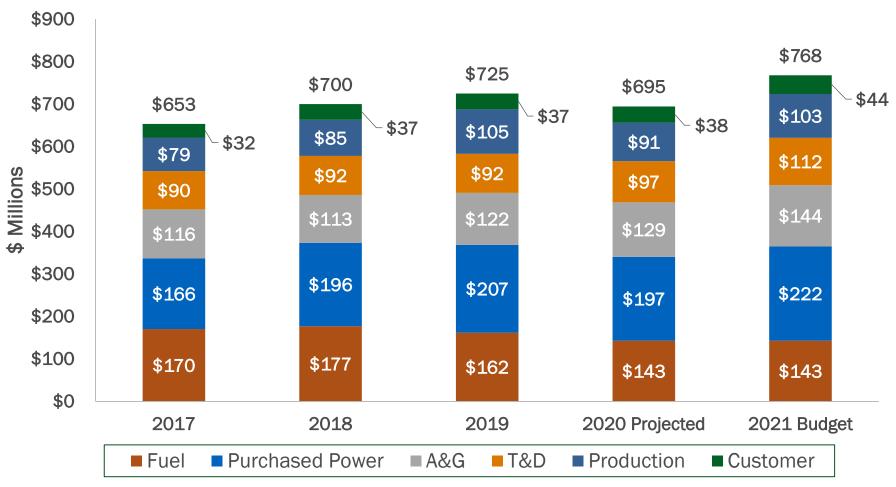


Other Electric Revenue





Operations and Maintenance Expense*

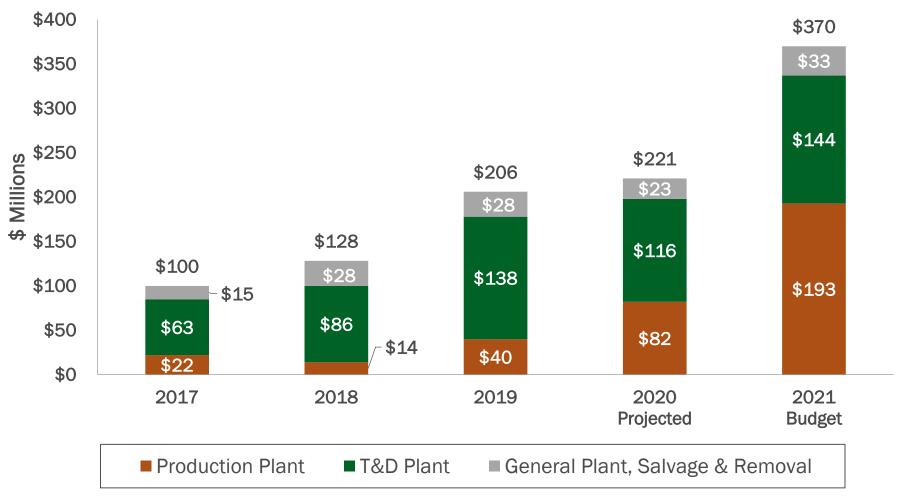


^{*}Excludes Fort Calhoun Station decommissioning funding and expenditures.



^{*}Operations and Maintenance Expenses presented by FERC accounts, as opposed to business units.

Capital Expenditures



Note: 2021 Budget includes a large increase in Production Plant, which is primarily related to Power with Purpose infrastructure investment.

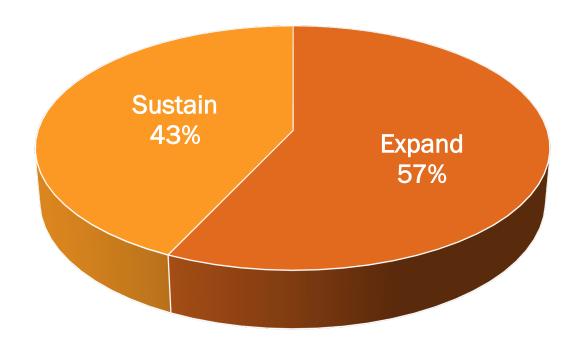


Select Large Capital Projects

| P | rojects | Millions |
|---|---|----------|
| • | Power with Purpose | \$ 172.5 |
| • | Circuit and Substation Upgrades | 17.5 |
| • | Fiber Network Expansion | 10.5 |
| • | Transmission Distribution Cable Replacement | 8.2 |
| • | Autotransformer Installation | 7.5 |
| • | Customer Service Commercial & Industrial | 7.0 |
| • | Customer Service Residential | 7.0 |
| • | 13kv Line and Substation Transformers | 6.1 |
| • | Nebraska City Unit 1 Rotor Replacement | 5.7 |
| • | T&D Street and Highway | 5.5 |
| • | Turbine Gas Path Refurbishment | 5.3 |
| • | Nebraska City Levee Certification | 4.4 |
| • | Upgrade Customer Information System | 4.4 |



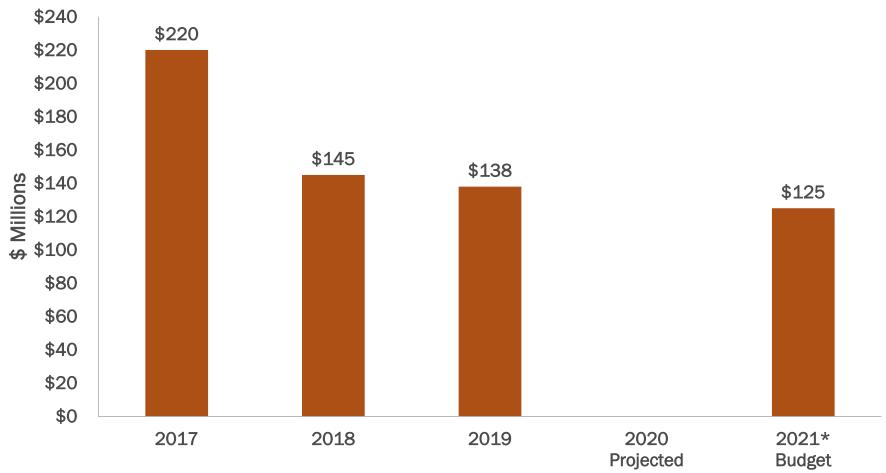
Capital Expenditures Philosophy



- 'Sustain' vs 'Expand' Investment categories used to calibrate 2021 Capital Expenditures budget total.
- Sustain category includes routine capital projects that are aimed at maintaining and improving existing assets and is budgeted at a consistent level year over year.
 - 43% or \$161 million of the 2021 total Capital Budget.
- Expand category is for new assets planned to be added to the District's asset base, such as the Power with Purpose infrastructure investments.
 - 57% or \$209 million of the 2021 total Capital Budget.
- This philosophy is important to ensure that existing assets are still receiving sufficient investment at a time when the system is undergoing significant expansion.



Long-Term Debt Financings

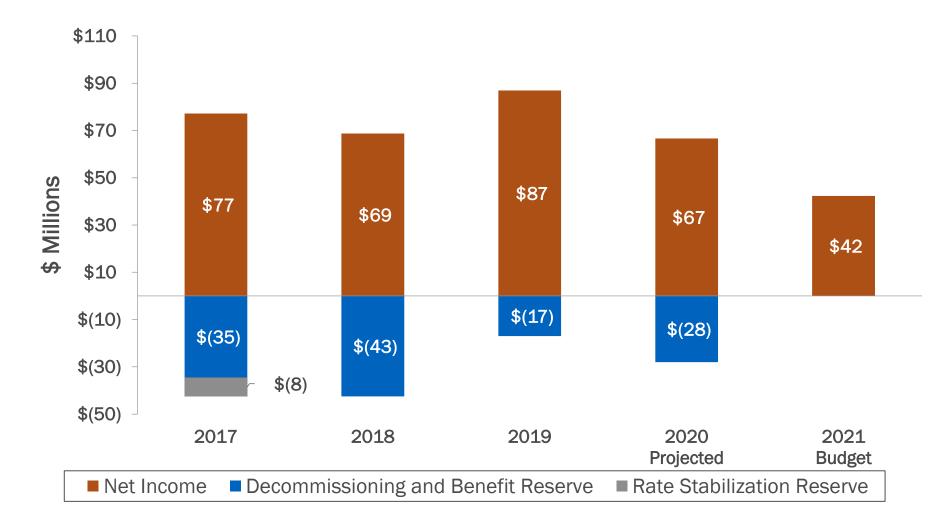


^{* 2021} Issuance will increase the net revenue bond balance.



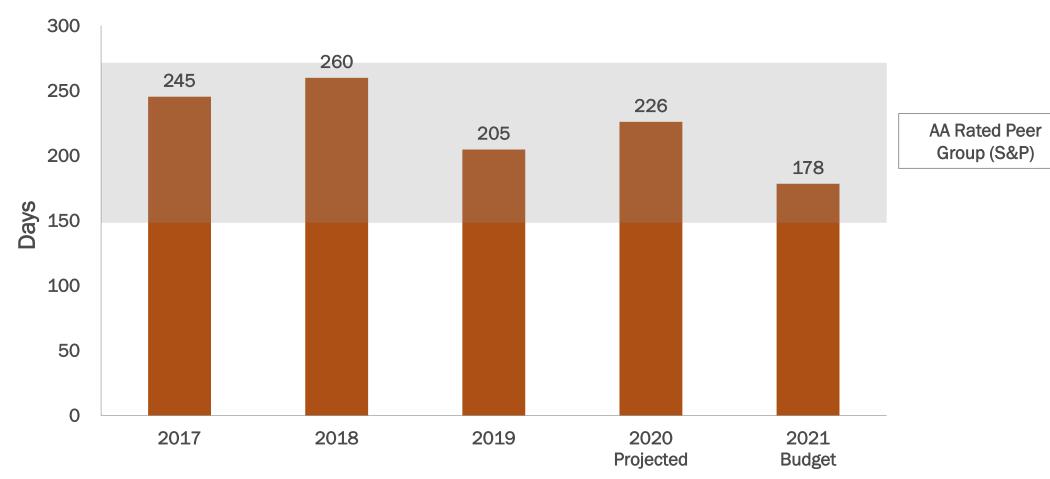
^{* 2021} Principal amount and proceed amount are different as a result of premium and discount values yielded on the issuance.

Net Income





Days Cash On Hand*

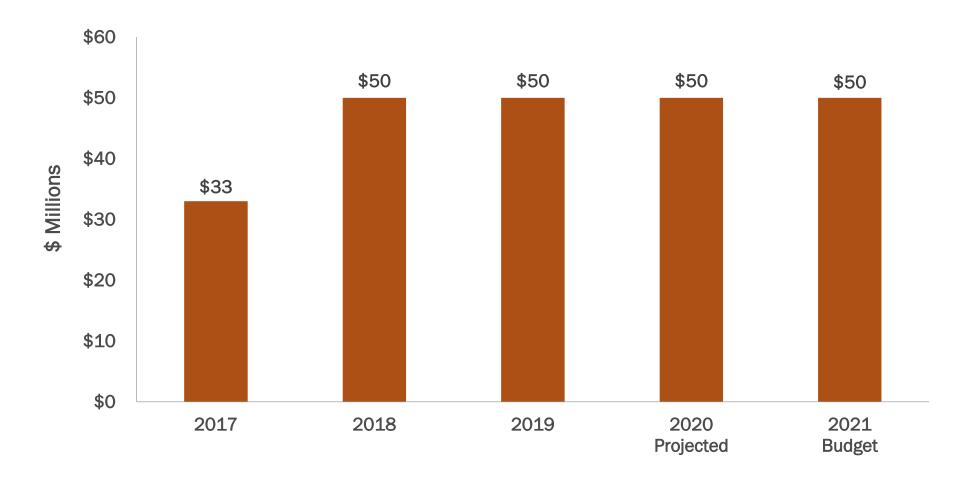


^{*} Number of days that operating expenses can be paid with current cash, excluding liquidity facilities



^{*} Supports Board Strategic Directive Policy SD-3: Access to Credit Markets

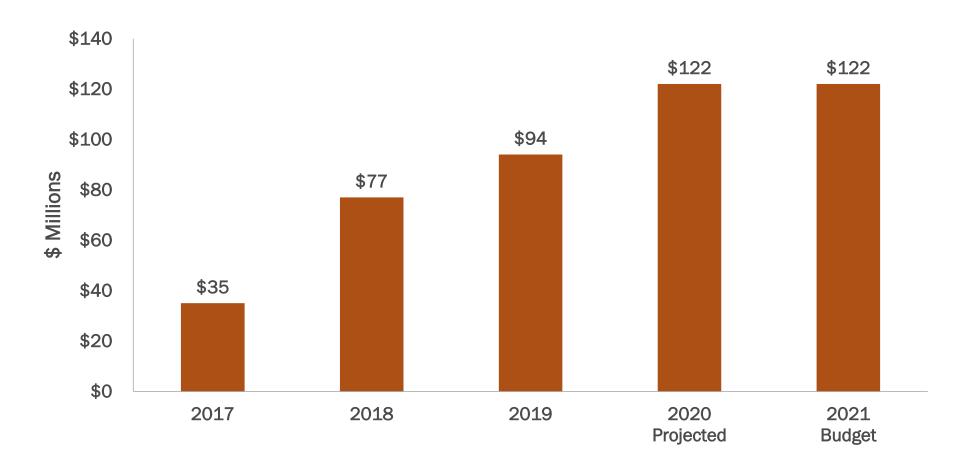
Rate Stabilization Account Balances*



^{*} At year end



Decommissioning and Benefit Reserve Account Balances*

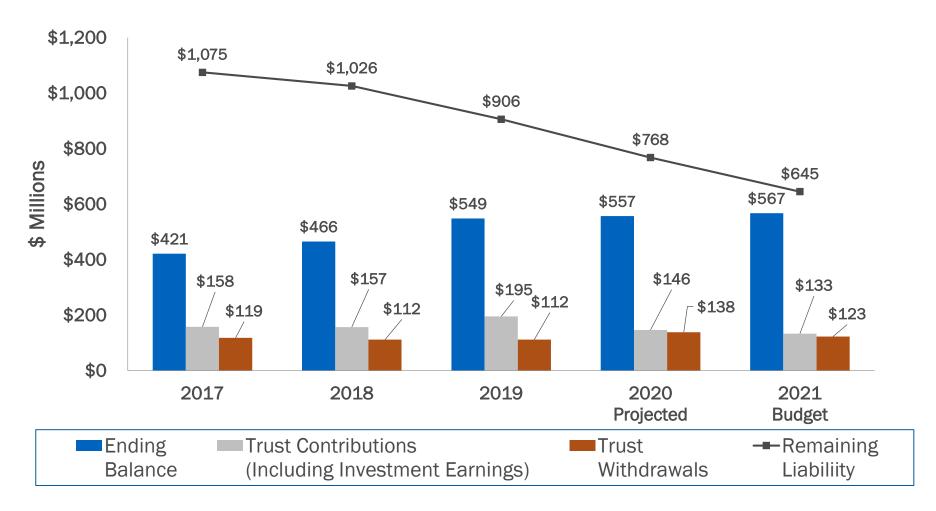


^{*} At year end



^{*} Values adjusted for following year balance sheet totals

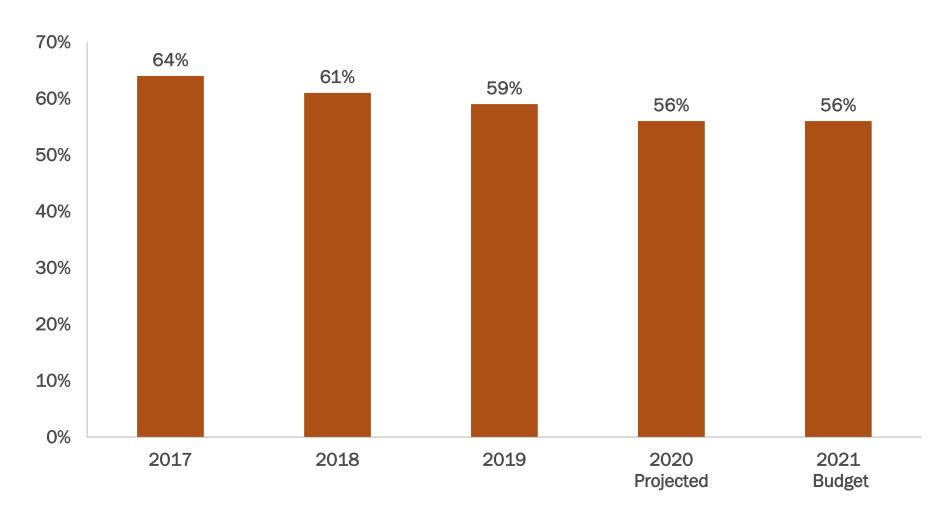
Decommissioning Fund Balances*



^{*} All values shown at year end and include both the 1990 and 1992 trust funds.



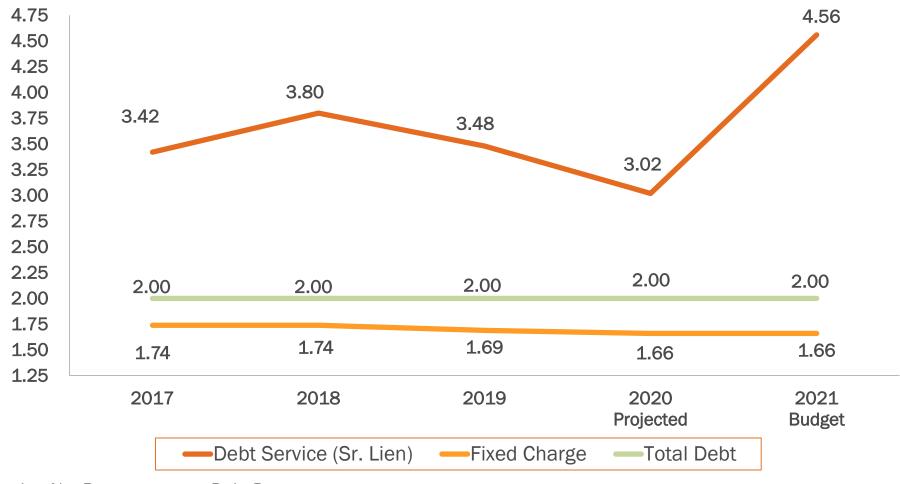
Debt Ratio*



^{*} Total Debt Outstanding as a percentage of Total Capitalization at year end



Coverage Ratios



^{*}Number of times that Net Revenue covers Debt Payments



^{*}Supports Board Strategic Directive Policy SD-3: Access to Credit Markets

NewGen Strategies and Solutions, LLC

- Virtual Half Day Reviews Held October 7th, 8th and 9th
 - Customer Usage Forecasts / Methodology
 - Revenue Forecasts
 - Resource Planning
 - Generation Plan / Scheduling
 - Fuel Budget
 - Operation & Maintenance Expense Budget
 - Fort Calhoun Station Decommissioning
 - Capital Expenditure Plan
 - Preliminary review complete, final report expected in December



Next Steps

- Review and collect feedback on the proposed 2021 Preliminary COP.
- Present a summary of changes between the Preliminary and Final COP at the December Finance Pre-Committee meeting.
- Present a summary of changes between the Preliminary and Final COP at the December Board of Directors Committee meeting on December 8th.
- 2021 Corporate Operating Plan will be disseminated to the Board on December 9th.
- Proposed Board approval at December Board meeting on December 9th.

